

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 36

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, OCTOBER 2nd, 1930

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Household Threshing SUPPLIES

You will need extra table and kitchen equipment for the threshing time. We have plain cups and saucers, plates, bowls, knives and forks, tumblers, at very low prices and can supply all your needs.

We also have the cheapest line of enamelware that we have ever shown, ranging in prices from ten cents to one dollar and twenty-five cents.

May we show you these lines.

Wm. Laut

The Pioneer Merchant

Crossfield, Alta.

Why Worry About Winter Driving when we can make it a pleasure.

We can make your car EASY to start and safe to drive this winter. Come in and let us fix you up NOW, before you freeze your car.

Service on all makes of cars,
trucks and tractors.

Wrecking and Towing Service.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Agents for:

British American Gasoline, Kerosene, Oils and Greases.

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

COAL!

GALT WILDFIRE
CARBON

The best coals procurable and at prices to suit every need. See us regarding your winter's requirements. We also have some nice dry WOOD for chilly mornings.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Member

W.R.L.A.

The New Meat Market QUALITY MEATS

Both Fresh and Cured

Royer & Gazeley

Service With a Smile

Crossfield, Alta

The Crossfield Cash Store

GROCERIES DRY GOODS

LADIES, CHILDREN'S and MEN'S WEAR

Economy and Quality Combined

Personal Service

Phone 33

N. A. Johnson

Major Strange To Speak Here

Thursday, October 9th.

The Board of Trade has much pleasure in announcing that Major Strange, who is the well known Chairman of the Seed Growers Association, and a recognized authority on wheat growing, will address an open meeting in the U. F. A. hall, at 8.15 p. m. on Thursday, October 9th. on matters pertaining to farm crops and the world wheat situation.

This will be the first meeting sponsored by the Crossfield Board of Trade since the summer holidays and the executive are very anxious to see a record crowd out to hear this notable speaker on a subject of vital interest to us all.

Settlement Made on School Taxes With The Whitfield Estate

The Village Council and School Board met with Mr. J. A. H. Millican, solicitor for the estate of the late Robt. Whitfield, on Saturday, and made a settlement in respect to school taxes due the Village on the Chronicle building. School taxes have been accumulating on the building for the past nine years. After making due allowance for printing done by the late Mr. Whitfield for the School District, it was agreed that \$796.65 was due the School District. It is expected that this money will be paid into the School District within the next week or ten days.

"All Quiet on The Western Front"

The Life of the Transgressor is Hard

On Saturday night the 27th. inst. Constable Jarman assisted by other policemen of Calgary, raided the rooms at the rear of the Royer & Gazeley butcher shop in the late p. m. in search of liquor and to investigate an alleged gambling joint being operated. (Unfortunately for the police but fortunate for whom might have been caught there the place was empty.)

We have no place in our midst for the professional gambler or the poker joint. The majority of the citizens of the town are behind the police in making it too hot around here for the professional gambler, or the bootlegger.

Believe It or Not

That Roland Emery and Frank Ruddy drove eighty miles on Wednesday on a hunting trip and killed two Hungarian partridges.

That Gordon Young and Fred Heywood while hunting on the Emery west farm on Wednesday killed an eagle with a wing spread of 7 feet 3 inches.

That George Lem bet three to one on Philadelphia to win the world's baseball series.

That Merrick Thomas does not believe in advertising.

That Dad Halliday claims that rum will not cure a cold. The W.C.T.U. will please note this.

That bread is now selling for three loaves for 25c in Crossfield.

That Dan Fike grew a cabbage that was so large he had to move it into the cellar on a wheelbarrow.

That Evert Bills is going into raising hogs on an extensive scale.

That there is no bootlegging of pool wheat in this district.

That Shorty Thomas lost his cribbage title to Guy Gazeley.

That Ray Haven's has had several offers for lots in the new Madden townsite.

Steel to be Layed On West Branch

Work to Commence at Once

The following telegram was received this morning (Thursday) by Thos. Tredaway, Secretary of the Board of Trade from D. C. Coleman, Vice-Pres. of the C. P. R. R. M. McCool, M.L.A. also received a similar wire.

"Am glad to be able to advise you that we will proceed at once with laying of steel on portion of Crossfield Branch which has been graded.

D. C. COLEMAN

NIER MADDER DOG POUND CREMONA

These are the names given to sidings and stations on the new branch line west of Crossfield.

Last March when the C. P. R. announced their programme, Mr. R. M. McCool wrote to Mr. D. C. Coleman the Vice. Pres. urging him to see that as much local labor, both men and teams, be used on the construction as possible. Mr. McCool also asked that the residents of the district west of Crossfield be given the privilege of submitting names for the sidings and stations. This Mr. Coleman agreed to and in July Mr. McCool was asked for the names.

On sports day a good representation being present from the West Mr. McCool acting as chairman gathered all those interested together and decided on a number of names. Nobody being present from Dog Pound or Cremona districts they were communicated with by phone and those spoken to asked that the present names be retained.

In the case of the siding on George Murdock's farm and the station on Ray Haven's farm there was a desire on the part of all present to commemorate the name of some old-timer. After considerable discussion the names were chosen in order of preference and given to the engineer in charge. He submitted them to head office and they chose Nier for the siding and Madden for the station.

The names submitted were as follows:

For the siding:-

Lakeview—A natural name for this site.

McPherson—Addison McPherson had a sheep ranch at that place forty years ago. He named McPherson Coulee.

Nier—Shorty Nier was a pioneer of the district and original owner of the farm where the site is located.

Murdock—George Murdock is another pioneer of the district and present owner of the Nier farm.

Collicutt—Frank Collicutt is also a real old-timer of the district and Canada's premier Hereford breeder.

For the station site, for what is now known as Sampsonston:-

Bernie—Bernie Walsh was the first child born in the district and is still a resident.

Madden—Barney Madden was the pioneer rancher in the district. Haven or New Haven—The Haven family was one of the first to move into the district.

Rayhaven—Ray Haven is a member of the Haven family and owner of the farm where present site is located.

Call in at the Chronicle office and see our samples of personal greeting cards.

Flour Prices

Down

Now is the time to lay in your
Winter Stock

98 lb. Apple Blossom Flour	-	\$3.30
49 lb. Apple Blossom Flour	-	1.70
24 lb. Apple Blossom Flour	-	.90

This is a straight flour to be had
only from

Crossfield District Co-Operative
Association U. F. A. Limited

The Service Garage

FULL LINES OF TIRES, BATTERY
AND MECHANICAL SERVICE.

AUTO SUPPLIES and ACCESSORIES.

GAS OILS LIVERY STORAGE

For Super-Service Drive to

The Highway Garage or The Service Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

TREDAWAY & SPRINGSTEEN

Real Estate Insurance Loans
Rentals Collected

Listings solicited and inquiries invited.

Telephone 3

Crossfield

HOOVER CARTAGE

DAILY SERVICE

CROSSFIELD to CALGARY

ALL GOODS INSURED

Phones: 50 Crossfield

M 1010 Calgary

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

You can buy Salada quality at three cups for a cent

ICE CREAM TEA

'Fresh from the gardens'

Russia's Five-Year Plan

Under all normal conditions the people of Western Canada would display merely an academic interest in events transpiring and developments taking place in Russia, but for some time past, and to an ever-increasing extent, Russian policy has had a bearing and a definite effect upon the prosperity of this portion of the Dominion, in fact upon the whole business structure of Canada, as well as of other countries.

It is difficult to find out exactly what is taking place in Russia, as many reports are both confusing and contradictory, consequently it is not surprising that people in this country are still puzzled and uncertain in their minds whether Russia constitutes a real and permanent menace to Canada, not politically or in a military sense, but economically.

Certain things have, nevertheless, become fairly well established. For example, it is known that in October, 1928, Russia inaugurated what is known as the "Five-Year Plan" of national development which observers on the spot in Russia describe as "the most interesting economic experiment anywhere in the world."

On October 1, 1930, the second year of this experiment will come to a close. So substantial has been the progress made that now the slogan is: "The Five-Year Plan in Four Years." What is this "Five-Year Plan"?

It was outlined by a Soviet Government agency over a year ago, and, in part, the plan—

"Provides for total capital investments in the five years beginning October 1, 1928, of \$33,000,000, or about two and one-half times the actual investments in the preceding five years. A goodly share of this will go for the construction of industrial plants and for the purchase of foreign equipment and machinery. The foreign-trade programme calls for imports of about \$3,200,000,000 during the period. Among the outstanding projects scheduled for construction, and in most instances completion, during the five-year period, are two tractor factories with an output of 40,000 units per year each, an automobile factory with an output of 100,000 cars per annum, a score of steel mills to produce over 5,000,000 tons of steel per year, many chemical, textile, machine-building, electro-technical, paper, glass, leather, and other factories, as well as a dozen or more large power plants, many mines, etc."

That was the "Plan," but, according to a Moscow correspondent of the Manchester Guardian, the "Five-Year Plan" in many instances is already surpassing the figures expected to be attained. He says: "The first version of the 'Plan' called the production of 22,000,000 tons of oil and 10,000,000 tons of cast-iron in 1933; now these figures have been revised upwards, respectively, to 38,000,000 and 17,000,000. During the current year 221 new industrial enterprises, built at a cost of approximately \$425,000,000, have begun to function, and the list of unusually large factories which have been completed comparatively recently, includes a tractor plant, an agricultural machinery factory, a paper mill, a pipe factory, two oil refineries, several electrical stations."

The "Five-Year Plan" also included what practically amounts to the nationalization of agriculture, and the erection of these huge tractor and agricultural machinery factories, oil refineries, etc., are all a part of this new agricultural policy. The Manchester Guardian correspondent in Moscow, further notes that "in collective farming, 25 per cent. of the peasant households have already gone over to the co-operative method, although the 'Plan' originally contemplated only 20 per cent. in 1933."

Russia is now dumping wheat, coal, lumber, into many European and other markets, thereby demoralizing the already badly demoralized world price for these commodities. The Russian Government is reported as having chartered a large number of vessels to convey wheat from Russia to England, Italy, and other countries, and that this wheat will be sold abroad regardless of price. The United States Government has charged that Russia has engaged in transactions on the Chicago grain markets to force down the price of wheat; the Canadian Government has secured power from Parliament to prohibit Russian imports into Canada; the League of Nations at Geneva, is discussing the effects of Russian policy on all other nations.

It is further alleged that under Soviet auspices this great "Five-Year Plan" is being carried out by poorly-paid labor, and much of it forced labor, even convict labor; that the standard of living has been definitely lowered; that food and even clothing supplies are sharply rationed, with the result that other countries, with higher standards of living and greater individual liberty of action, cannot begin to compete with Russia.

The Bolshevik propaganda of Russia failed in its efforts to bring about world revolution, but its "Five-Year Plan" of economic development at home with a view to dumping huge quantities of goods and products of all kinds into world markets is, even before the "Plan" is one-half completed, having an adverse effect in all other countries, and further depressing already depressed business conditions throughout the world.

The farmers of Western Canada, who must depend for their success upon making profitable sales of their products in world markets, are among the chief sufferers.

Sales Have Increased Rapidly

"Dry Ice" Is In Demand All Over the Country

The first pound of "dry ice" or solid carbon dioxide was sold for commercial refrigerating purposes in 1925, by the Dry Ice Corp., of America, and it is expected that "dry ice" sales for 1930 may reach \$5,000 tons.

This material is being produced in 18 plants from coast to coast in the United States.

Gaseous carbon dioxide as generated from the evaporation of "dry ice" is of course cold, and by virtue of the low temperature of its origin, extremely dry.

Christopher Latham Sholes is known as the inventor of the typewriter. His first "writing machine" was the end of a telegraph key with the letter "w" cut in brass.

CORNS

Stop Aching Drop Off

POTNAM'S

Corn Extractor

W. N. U. 1587

British Capital For Alberta

Anglo-Western Oil Limited To Commence Development Work

Five million dollars of British capital, organized under the name of Anglo-Western Oil Limited, with a federal charter and headed by Sir Edward Manville, chairman of the Phoenix Oil and Transport Company, and of the Dunlop Company, both of Great Britain, has been made available for Alberta oil development, according to an announcement made in Calgary recently.

The announcement was made by J. C. Dallas, managing director of Calmont Oil Limited. Mr. Dallas said the company had acquired 400,000 acres in Alberta and two wells would be sunk immediately in the Milk River area.

THE ANAEMIC GIRL

Who Has Lost Her Charm and Beauty

"She seems to be losing her looks." This remark is often heard about girls who were once noted for their sparkling eyes, their rosy cheeks and their vitality. The cause is not far to seek—they have become anaemic; they lack the amount of blood and the loss of charm. The anaemic girl, if she neglects her health, may be a sufferer all her life.

Take heed, you pale, anaemic girls. Plenty of fresh air, nourishing food and rest will help you, but what you need most is good blood. Those wretched headaches, that sickle stomach, those terrible heart palpitations can only be banished if the blood is rich, red and pure.

Good blood—the kind that brings good health is created by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The whole mission of these pills is to build rich, health-giving blood. The pills are sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at a cent a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

High Educational Standard

Canadian School System Impresses Educationists

Visitors to Canada are invariably impressed with the country's educational system, particularly if they are men especially interested in the subject. It is greatly to be doubted if any nation on earth excels our own in the matter of schools of all kinds. Our educational system is thorough always, standards are high and our graduates emerge from schools and colleges with diplomas that have always placed their services in great demand across the line—Border Cities Star.

Do not allow worms to sap the vitality of your children. If not attended to, worms may sicken and doable harm to the constitution of the infant. The little sufferers cannot voice their ailment, but there are many signs by which mothers are made aware that a dose of Miller's Worm Powders is necessary. These powders act quickly and will expel worms from the system without any inconvenience to the child.

Preparing For Old Age

Small Part Of Earnings Should Always Be Set Aside For Eventualities

No pension machinery, however well planned, can protect the man who lacks self-control and devotes a small part of his earnings consistently to the protection of himself and his dependents.

That statement from the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, itself a pension agency, is particularly suggestive.—Kansas City Star.

To have the children sound and healthy is the first care of a mother. They cannot be healthy if troubled with worms. Use Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

"I notice that customer you just attended to didn't buy anything, yet he seemed pleased," said the eagle-eyed floorwalker. "What did he want to see?"

"Me, at 8 o'clock tonight," replied the pretty clerk, blushing.

How a disease wipes out human beings who are not resistant to it was shown when influenza was introduced into a Labrador community by 260 Eskimos, causing the death of 300.

DO YOU SUFFER WITH HEADACHE?

So easy to get quick relief and prevent an attack in the future. Avoid bromides and drugs. They relieve quickly but affect the heart and are very dangerous. They are depressing and give only temporary relief, the cause of the headache still remains within. The safe and harmless way, first correct the cause, remove the sour and acid stomach, relieve the irritations of the decayed and poisonous food matter, gently stimulate the liver, start the bile flowing and the bowels, pass off the waste matter which causes your headache. Try Carter's Little Liver Pills. Druggists 25c red pkg.

Real dyes give richest colors!

FOR every home use, Diamond Dyes are the finest, you can buy. They contain the highest quality anilines that can be produced. Dyes that give such soft, bright, new colors to dresses, drapes, and other household goods. They are easy to use. They go on smoothly and evenly; do not spot or streak; never give things that red-dyed look. Just try, even, new colors that keep their depth and brilliance all the while and washing. 15c packages. All drug stores.

Diamond Dyes

Highest Quality for 50 Years

American Food Demands

More Sugar, Fruits, Fats and Milk Products Are Consumed

The average American of 1930 will consume 150 pounds more food this year than his predecessor of 1900, according to the American Research Foundation.

"More sugar, fruits, fats and oils, and milk products are being eaten by the people of the United States," says the Foundation.

The per capita consumption of sugar is estimated at about 105 pounds this year, compared with 61 pounds per capita in 1900. Fats and oils will average about 44 pounds per capita this year, compared with 34 pounds a generation ago.

"Milk" product consumption has increased from 840 pounds to 1,040, and fresh fruits from 169 to 192 pounds per capita.

"Meat consumption has shown little variation, running from 142 to 145 pounds a year per person.

"Figuring the increases with the declines, the average per capita food consumption shows a gain of 150 pounds annually in the last 30 years. "An increasing preference for energy and heat producing foods is evident in the modern American dietary. Sugar largely supplies energy, while fats are necessary in generating heat and the body.

"Meat, milk and cream, and dozens of other items on the daily menu have a high fat content. The exceptional value of fats is that, in addition to supplying energy, they aid digestion by enhancing the palatability of foods consumed in the average meal."

Canada Honors Her Scientists

Not Without Honor In Their Own Country Says Manchester Guardian

Canada's treatment of her scientists was lauded by the Manchester Guardian in a recent article on Dr. F. C. Banting, the young Toronto research worker who won fame for his discovery of insulin. The Guardian says: "It can never be said of Canada that her prophets are without honor in their own country. The case of Dr. Banting, the discoverer of insulin, is typical, for the brilliant young scientist has already received at the hands of his people all the honor of personal approbation that they can bestow. From other countries too he has received the recognition which is due, for he is probably the youngest man to win the Nobel Prize.

What the world owes to him can scarcely be computed, although when he first announced his discovery it was received throughout the world with a certain amount of credulity. The results obtained, however, soon placed the result beyond all doubt, and the Canadian Government took the unusual step of voting him a life policy to enable him to continue his medical research.

The Man With Asthma, almost long for death to end his suffering. He seems almost to have been torn from intervals of rest which ease themselves fraught with never ceasing fear of renewed attacks. Let him turn to Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy and know what complete relief it can give. Let him but use it faithfully and he will find his asthma a thing of the past.

Britain's Youngest Aviator

Miss Winifred Jess Drinkwater of Paisley, Scotland, is Britain's youngest aviator, having just received her license at 17, the minimum age for a British pilot. In flying solo she handles her machine like an expert. S. Baldwin, secretary of the Scottish Flying School, says she will be a great flyer.

Traveller: "May I show you my samples, sir. If you remember, I executed your last order with promptitude and dispatch." Important Person: "I gave you no order!"

Traveller: "Pardon, sir, you said 'Get out and I got.'"

The consumption of rice in Siam amounts to 400 pounds per person annually.

Minard's Liniment also first foot.

Car Elaborately Equipped

Fittings In Limousine Of Jugoslavien King Very Complete

A Packard sedan limousine, recently delivered to King Alexander, of Jugoslavia, is said to be one of the most elaborately equipped automobiles in Europe. The space under the glass partition separating the rear compartment from the driver's space is divided into a number of compartments. A large locker in the centre is fitted with a leather lunch kit, equipped with a complete silver and gold table service. In a double compartment at the right are thermos bottles for warm foods and a large toilet case. Thermos bottles for hot or cold liquids are fitted into a cabinet at the left of the centre locker, and in the top of this space are a first-aid kit and a large cigarette case. A built-in compartment for the King's sword extends across the top of the three compartments, and the lid, which protects the sword against dust, becomes a shelf when closed. Immediately in front of this is a tray to accommodate road maps.

Source Of The Thames

Seven Springs In Cotswold Hills Feed World's Most Famous River

How many people—even among the millions who live upon its banks—could say offhand where the source of the Thames was to be found? The fact that so few of us know anything about the beginnings of the world's most famous river is reflected in the statement, that, until recently the Thames had its source in a rubbish dump. Now the rubbish has been cleared away, and visitors to the source will find a little pool in a wood hollow, with, at one side, a stream gushing out. It is Seven Springs, the source of the Thames; but there is nothing to tell anyone that this is the case, and in the quiet Cotswold Hills, where Seven Springs is situated, we are not thinking of London and London's River. However, a plan is now on foot to lay out the site as a worthy fane and to build a fountain through which the Seven Springs may flow.

Give The Devil His Due

An old Scottish woman, who had never been known to say an ill word about anybody, was one day taken to task by her husband, "Janel," he said impatiently, "I do believe you'd say a good word for the devil himself." "Ah, well," was the reply, "he may be as good as he might be, but he's a very industrious body."

A famous boxer has a complete record of his fights. No doubt he keeps them in a scrap book.

Caught Disease On the HANDS!

Skin disease threatens us every day, invading germs of blood-poison, eczema, etc., are waiting to infect the least cut or sore place. The money you use carries germs—you get them on the handles, rails and straps of the trains and street cars, and in a score of other ways. Specially treated Zani-buk, Mr. Henry C. Davis, of South 17th Street, Kansas City, U.S.A., has just escaped a virulent type of eczema, contracted, he suspects, through use of public towels.

"I had medical advice," he says, "but in addition all sorts of so-called eczema remedies, without finding the hoped-for relief. Zani-buk treatment soon gave positive results. It took away the painful irritation and quickly purified and healed the deep troublesome sores."

Bird Sanctuaries

Survey Being Made In Saskatchewan By Provincial Government

Bird sanctuaries in Saskatchewan are being surveyed at the instance of the Saskatchewan Government following complaints from farmers in territory adjacent thereto, that their weed eradication work was being rendered useless because the sanctuaries are infested with now thistle.

Manitou Lake district, northwest of Unity, the Basin Lake, Middle Lake and Lake Lenore areas north of Humboldt, already have been inspected by officials of the field office. A party representative of the field office, the provincial game branch, the provincial department of natural resources, the federal department of agriculture and the Dominion parks commission, left to conduct a similar survey of the Last Mountain and Quill Lake sanctuaries.

How Saskatoon Is Favored

Saskatchewan City Attracts Many Important Gatherings

Saskatoon has been a much visited city this summer. Recent visitors included the 150 British medals, while on September 7th came the Life special train; on the 9th the Canadian Ticket Agents' Association and on September 12th the Dakota farmers—some of whom, it is pointed out, may decide to remain in the region. "Commissioner Joseph Holmes" says The Hub, "had to take special exercises to strengthen his right hand against the intensive period of welcoming the strangers within our gates."

Her Two Children Had Summer Complaint

Mrs. J. J. MacDonald, Glace Bay, N.S., writes—"I am the mother of six children, and would not be without a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. My two youngest were very sick with summer complaint, and there was nothing I tried could equal that remedy, and I had tried most everything, but they could get no relief. 'Dr. Fowler's' made a change in both of them in less than two hours."

On the market for the past 85 years; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



So Many Home Uses!

Keep foods fresh longer by covering them with Para-Sani.

Use Para-Sani to line lunch trays.

Keep the freshness in sandwiches prepared for the party with a covering of Para-Sani.

YOU'LL FIND A Hundred vital, saving uses for Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper in your home.

Come in handy, sanitary, knife-edge package. For less exacting uses, "Centre Pull" Waxed Tissue (flat) at grocers, druggists, stationers.

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON ONTARIO

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO. REGINA, SASK.

High Protein Content Of Western Wheat Is Revealed In Tests Just Completed

Canada's current wheat crop has a very high protein quality of grade and shows higher gluten content than yields of the past three years. It is revealed in tests just completed for the Canadian Grain Commission.

Result of the tests, conducted by F. J. Birchard, commission chemist, at Winnipeg, were reported yesterday to F. G. T. O'Hara, deputy minister of trade and commerce. Summing up, it may be stated the general baking quality of the present crop is fully equal, if not superior to that of any crop tested since inception of the commission laboratory in 1913, says the report.

"The quality of the protein (gluten) is excellent and the average amounts of 13.4 per cent. compares very favorably with that found in previous years," Mr. Birchard reports. "The average for 1929 was 10.3 per cent. and for 1927 was 11.4 per cent. The high protein content of excellent quality, the unusual dryness of the wheat and the excellent baking quality of this year's crop should be of special interest, particularly to the millers of England, France and Germany, since the crops of these countries are reported to be suffering severely from the effect of excessive moisture with consequent damage to the quality of the grain."

"Over 60 per cent. of the crop received to date in Winnipeg this year, graded either No. 1 Hard or No. 1 Northern, 23 per cent. graded No. 2 Northern, and only three per cent. No. 3 Northern. Very little grain graded No. 3 Northern or lower is being received at the present time. Practically no tough or damp cars have been received."

"The weight per bushel of the different grades is practically the same as that of last year though the weight of the No. 3 Northern as received to date is lower."

"The comparative yield of flour from the different grades is about the same as last year with the exception of that from No. 3 Northern, which on account of the lower weight per bushel, is somewhat lower."

Practically all the wheat is sound and mature, bringing little difference between the baking quality of the grades. Samples from which the test were made were gathered from the three provinces of the prairies, and are characterized as fairly representative of the crop as received to date. Relatively little Alberta wheat was present in the samples tested, however, and character of Nos. 3 and 4 Northern may change somewhat as to weight and flour yield.

The report approves standards for Nos. 1 Hard, 1 and 2 Northern, but sets only tentative standards for Nos. 3 and 4 Northern and Nos. 4, 5 and 6 Special. This, it is stated, is due to the fact that it is considered probable that some frosted wheat from the northern districts may appear later.

The three special grades in the tentative standards, it is mentioned, are included to take care of a certain amount of sound wheat, but of low weight per bushel. Flour yield from these grades is greatly reduced, and the color is very yellow, but baking quality is otherwise excellent.

Buy Graded Beef

Blue Brand Grade Is Preferred By the Average Customer

The Beef Grading Service of the Dominion Department of Agriculture is stimulating public interest in the buying of good beef and each week shows more conclusively that where quality counts beef is bought by grade. Buying beef by grade is the only way you can be sure of getting beef you will like. The grade "Choice" is always branded in red, and the grade "Good" in blue. Blue brand is the grade preferred by the average customer and is the grade in greatest supply.

Heavy slabs of jade were used as tablets, on which to carve writings in ancient China.



"I have you say rat poison?"
"No, but we can let you have a gas oven."—Kasper, Stockholm.

W. H. U. 1897

Some Of World's Biggest Patriotic Statisticians Have Proved France Has Her Share

"The biggest in the world" so often has been the rumour about after achievements in the United States that the French have been rather annoyed. Yet, some of their inquiring minds of late have dug up world's records. When Dieudonne Coste and other French exiles in past months brought back half the world's air records to France, patriotic statisticians added to those achievements these other "biggest" things:

The Eiffel Tower, highest structure in the world.
The biggest reinforced concrete bridge, at Saint-Pierre-du-Vauvray.
The biggest metal viaduct, at Viar, in the Cevennes Mountains.
The fastest electric train, from Bordeaux to Bayonne, 129 miles at a shade under 66 miles an hour.
The biggest aviation hangars at Orly.

The biggest airport at Le Bourget.
The biggest underground canal on the Rhone just outside Marseilles.

The most powerful searchlight, that at Mount Valerien, just west of Paris, developing a billion candlepower and throwing a beam of light over a hundred miles.

The world's fastest warship, the cruiser "Tourville."

The biggest wireless station at Saint Asie.



(By Eva A. Tingey)

7275



FOR MANY FIGURES

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York.

A stunning sports dress this, and suitable for many figures. It is modish and chic for the normally built woman, and will also have a slenderizing effect for the heavier type. For the short girl it is snappy too, as its long line bodice cut, hip point and skirt panel all have length giving qualities.

Note the smart new vestee, too, which buttons on to top one side instead of across in as such affairs generally do.

Black wool georgette, silk marocain, or white spotted crepe, with satin or marocain vestee will make a nice, dressier scheme for the heavier woman.

This pattern may be obtained in sizes 14 to 20 and 24 to 40. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

City

State

Send

Demand For Canadian Apples

Several Thousand Boxes To Be Shipped To The Orient This Year

Until last year the Canadian-grown apple was an unknown delicacy in China. Some shipments were made to Hong Kong during the latter part of 1929, and the Chinese, like Oliver Twist, want more. This year it is expected that several thousand boxes of Canadian apples will go forward to the Orient. For the Canadian Trade Commissioner at Hong Kong advises that Chinese importers are now interested in the Canadian-grown fruit.

The high quality of Canadian apples has been demonstrated at the Imperial Fruit Show, held annually in the British Isles, where for several years Canadian exhibitors have been awarded the majority of the most coveted prizes. Year after year the judges have agreed that the McIntosh Red, an apple of juicy complexion and incomparable flavour, is the best dessert apple in the world. This apple originated in Dundas County, Ontario, over a century ago.

This year's apple crop in Canada will, it is estimated, total about 5,113,000 barrels.

Cost Of Crop Production

Potatoes Showed Greatest Profit In Experiment Conducted At Ottawa

Some interesting experiments concerning the cost of producing farm crops have been made by the Canadian Government, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa. For example, it cost \$30.62 to produce an acre of oats having a value of \$38.08; the cost of producing hay in 1929 was found to be \$10.60 an acre for hay valued at \$34.06; ensilage corn cost \$4.38 an acre more to produce than it was worth at current values—the cost per acre was \$54.62 with an average crop value of \$50.24. In the case of mangels, it cost \$72.45 an acre to produce the crop and the yield of 17.81 tons per acre, valued at \$1.91 a ton, was worth only \$34.02; or, mangels showed a loss per acre of \$28.43. Potatoes on the other hand proved a particularly profitable crop, showing a surplus of \$97.94 per acre over cost of production; potatoes cost \$30.98 per acre to produce and yielding 192.4 bushels, valued at 93 cents, showed an average value of \$178.93.

A Longevity Record

Ayrshire Cow Has Made Money For Its Owner

A striking instance of the longevity and productive qualities of the Ayrshire breed is furnished by Violet, a member of the herd of S. P. Chaplin, Agassiz, B.C.

Bred and raised by William MacKie, formerly of Agassiz, Violet was born on July 11, 1912, and is thus over eighteen years old. Yet, despite her age, in her last lactation period she produced 11,453 lbs. of milk and 424 lbs. of butterfat in 365 days, this record being made on twice-a-day milking under ordinary farm conditions.

Cork Airport May Be Base German engineers have been surveying Cork airport for a site suitable for a contemplated base for a regular trans-Atlantic aerial service. The plan of the engineers is to institute weekly dirigible service between Cork and Lakehurst, N.Y., with Zepelins capable of carrying 120 passengers and 10 tons of mail, in addition to the crew of 46. The cost of such a dirigible is estimated at about \$1,900,000.

Guard Against Gases Forming in the Silo

Two Poisonous Gases Which May Occur in Any Silo

Before entering the silo the farmer or any one working for him should make sure that no deadly gases are present, the admonition of silo experts of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

At Herron, North Dakota, the other day the Neidhardt family, father and four children, had been smothered out by what was reported to be Methane gas. The sheriff who attempted to recover the bodies was overcome and barely escaped with his life, after his son had made two attempts to get his father out of the silo.

Methane and carbon dioxide are the two poisonous gases which are likely to occur in any silo. They have their origin in the decomposition of organic matter. Methane CH₄ is an odorless, inflammable gas which occurs naturally as the product of the decomposition of organic matter, and is frequently met with in marshes and mines, being more familiarly known as marsh gas. Carbon Dioxide CO₂ is a heavy colorless irrespirable gas which extinguishes flame. It is produced by the action of acids on carbonates, through fermentation, and by the decomposition of organic substances.

Both these gases may be present in the silo and owing to the fact that they are heavier than air as they accumulate, they force air away from the top of the silo.

As neither Methane or Carbon Dioxide will degenerate within a few days, it is always well before entering a silo during the filling season, to run the blower a few minutes to insure an adequate circulation of air. At other times, a lighted lantern should be lowered into the silo to insure that no gas is present. If Carbon Dioxide is present the flame will immediately go out.

There is just as much danger from poisonous gases in the silo as there is in the old well, but the danger is one which may be easily guarded against and is overcome by an adequate supply of fresh air. As ensilage should be lowered into the silo care should be taken to see that the doors are open to allow free ventilation. Fresh air should be supplied as directly to the top of ensilage as possible.

A Big Business

Agricultural Wealth Of The Dominion Reaches Nearly Eight Billion

Few people appreciate the dollar value of agriculture in Canada, or realize that it is really a big business. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics estimates the agricultural wealth of the Dominion as for the year 1929, at the huge sum of \$7,978,635,000. This figure is made up out of the following estimated values: Cattle, \$3,961,061,000; buildings, \$1,382,684,000; implements and machinery, \$665,172,000; livestock, \$864,167,000; poultry, \$63,854,000; animals for fur farms, \$19,477,000; and agricultural production, \$1,067,218,000.

Her Reason

"The sick man was well again. 'Marry, I shall never forget it,' he told his wife. 'Your presence to me shall be like a golden corner in my memory. Why did you do it?'"

He paused dramatically, hoping to hear a whispered confession that she loved him the greatest motive. Instead she replied calmly: "Well, John, who wants a widow with four children?"

A Cow With a Record



Belvedere Deloit Ruby—#2632, of the herd owned by the Canadian Pacific Railway at Strathmore, Alberta, made the third highest mature record in Canada in 1929, being exceeded by one cow in the Strathmore herd and an outstanding cow in Saskatchewan. On June 14, 1929, she finished a record of 27,892 pounds of milk and then went out on the show circuit, taking first prize at Brandon and first at Vancouver, Victoria and New Westminster. What she did is seen by comparison with the milk record

Moist Heat As a Health Factor Should Be Considered In Heating Homes During Winter Months

A family's health and comfort during the winter months, in this or any climate, depend on proper heating more than any other single factor. Family physicians will confirm this. Knowing the essentials of healthful heat is therefore necessary if a householder is to act wisely on this important question.

A healthful summer atmosphere is made up of temperature, air motion and humidity. Temperature alone is not the major problem of home heating, however. The first requisite for healthful, artificial heat is that it provides sufficient humidity to meet the requirements of the body. This is recognized and cannot be ignored except at the expense of health and comfort. Hot dry air in homes may be directly blamed for the 30 per cent. increase in the mortality rate during the winter months. The importance of moisture in the air breathed cannot be stressed too heavily.

Moist heat as a health factor should be given first consideration when making a choice of the system to be installed in a home, for upon it will depend the health of the family. Medical authorities recommend that room temperature never exceed 70 degrees Fahrenheit. To remain in an atmosphere heated above this point lowers both vitality and resistance and weakens the body's ability to cope with the contrast between indoor and outdoor temperatures.

There are still other benefits from correct humidity besides the health of the family, and this is the economy in fuel bills. It costs more to raise the temperature from 70 to 75 degrees than from 60 to 70 degrees, and moist air at 70 degrees is far more comfortable than dry air at 75 degrees.

In the old days it was thought that the atmosphere in the home became vitiated of its oxygen as the air was breathed and charged with carbon dioxide exhaled from the lungs. Recent conclusive experiments disprove this. Occupation of the home assuredly decreases the amount of oxygen in the air, and increases the amount of carbon dioxide, but the results of this are so negligible that the differ-

ences can hardly be measured or detected.

In this country of cold winter climates there are three distinct types of heating equipment and each has its advantages and disadvantages. The stove, while crude in many respects, has many advantages over some types of apparatus. The most common types of equipment are the radiator—which may be either steam, hot water or vapor—and the register, which is used on many and varied kinds of warm air plants.

The operation of these different types of plants affect the occupant of the home. The radiator type heats the home by means of the air in each individual room passing over each individual radiator and picking up heat it can as it passes over. When the air is high, naturally the radiator is hotter and the air moves faster in the room, which causes the temperature to rise more quickly, and as the fire burns lower the air scarcely moves. These radiators and connections must be absolutely water and moisture tight or they will leak, and except for the vent on the steam radiator, there is no chance of any humidity unless supplied by pans or other devices attached to the radiator.

Neither is there any possibility of air circulation except by the action caused by the heated radiator, as mentioned. Somewhat the same action is obtained with the average type of warm air furnace, except that the body of the furnace over which the air passes, by being conducted through the return air pipes to the furnace casing, is much hotter than the radiator, and the air is expanded to a greater degree and purified by being intensely heated, and creates much more action than when passing over the radiator. It has been proven by medical men that a warm air furnace can be operated in contagious hospitals with scarcely any danger of distributing germs to adjacent rooms. This is due to the temperature of the air as it passes the hot furnace and the rapid circulation it attains. We all know from experience that running water will purify itself when in action, in a very short distance.

Holding Doesn't Pay

Holding Eggs For a Rise in Price Considered To Be Bad Practice

The Poultry Division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture calls attention to the fact that it doesn't pay to hold eggs for a rise in the market. Past experience proves that holding eggs is a decidedly unwise practice and does only harm to the egg trade in general, particularly when eggs are held under any condition other than up-to-date cold storage. The old practice of country stores holding eggs for mixing with fresh stock on a favourable market has almost entirely disappeared and, in any event, grading shows the old eggs up at once. Consumers who pay the price for real fresh eggs expect to get what they buy. Eggs should be shipped promptly to market at all seasons of the year.

An Interesting Experiment

Honey Kept For Fifty-Eight Years Resembles Blackstrap Molasses

Fifty-eight years ago a hive of honey bees made some white clover honey that has been kept by the United States Department of Agriculture and tested at intervals throughout a half century or more. Once almost colorless, this honey now resembles blackstrap molasses. Its original flavor has changed until it now tastes considerably like buckwheat honey.

However, this honey would not be out of place on steaming hot cakes or waffles at this time, but for the fact the department plans to use it indefinitely or until it is no longer fit for consumption, testing it from time to time to note chemical changes. All kinds of honey darken after the first few years, and the flavor also changes.

Divorce Easy In Russia

A two-hour glimpse of the workings of a Soviet divorce "court," as described by an eye witness, gives eloquent testimony to the complete breakdown of the sanctity of marriage under Bolshevik rule. Application to a girl in charge of the registry office is the only formality needed to secure the necessary certificate of marriage or divorce in the "court."

He—"So you don't want to marry me, Doris?"

She—"That's different! You said something about being yours forever."

Crop Rotation

The Most Efficient Way In Which To Maintain the Fertility Of The Soil

The maintenance of soil fertility is absolutely essential to successful farming. Unless the soil is in a fertile condition it is impossible to produce large crops and large crops are a prerequisite to profitable farming, observe field husbandry experts of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. The adoption of a good system of crop rotation involves no additional expense and is the most effective way in which to maintain the fertility of the soil and thereby increase the yield of farm crops. In addition, crop rotations assist in the control of weeds, and help to keep in check insect pests and fungus diseases. The labour on the farm, too, is better distributed throughout the season when suitable acreages of various crops, planted and harvested at different times, are grown in rotation.

New Mining Regulations

Mining syndicates and individual prospectors are being advised that under the new mining regulations for Manitoba, since the taking over from the Federal Government of the natural resources, the assessment work requirement is now only 25 days instead of 40 days.

Dealer: "It's a genuine antique, sir."

Customer: "But you are asking a fearful price for it."

Dealer: "Well, sir, look how wages and the cost of materials have gone up!"



"You say your grandfather's age is 1307 Nonsense!"

"Well, he died in 1900 aged 100, and now it is 1907."—Pages Gales, Yverdon.

PLEASURE

The tingling taste of fresh mint leaves is a real treat for your sweet tooth.

WRIGLEYS

Affords people everywhere great comfort and long-lasting enjoyment. Nothing else gives so much benefit at so small a cost.

It is a wonderful help in work and play—keeps you cool, calm and contented.



ADDS A ZEST
AFTER EVERY MEAL

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Canada has twelve factories for the manufacture of macaroni and the annual production has a value of about a million and a half dollars, according to the latest figures from Ottawa.

Premier James H. Scullin, of Australia, making his first appearance before the League of Nations Assembly, denounced armaments as a menace to peace and urged the League to call a general disarmament conference.

A cable received by the Child Welfare, Inc., New York, from its administrative committee in China, said 5,000 children are dying as a result of famine and that war and communism are adding difficulty to the situation.

The committee which will administer the War Veterans' Allowance Act, was appointed by the late Federal Government, and its personnel is now preparing for the operation and administration of the act.

The superannuation of E. R. Cameron, K.C., as registrar of the Supreme Court of Canada, was announced at the Prime Minister's office at Ottawa. He is succeeded by James F. Snell, K.C., a lawyer of Ottawa.

Portage la Prairie, Man., known for its No. 1 hard wheat, has added new laurels to its brow. On the farm of J. Prout, one mile from the town, peanuts and almonds have been produced this season. He grew two sacks of peanuts and a few handfuls of almonds.

James C. Brady, former Conservative member of parliament for Skeena, B.C., has been appointed a census commissioner of the demography branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Mr. Brady will organize the census of institutions such as hospitals, asylums, penitentiaries, and houses of refuge all over Canada.

New Market in Egypt

Tral Shipment of Apples Being Made From Okanagan Valley

A new market for British Columbia apples in Egypt is being opened up by a trial shipment here, under arrangements completed by the provincial department of agriculture.

This shipment will consist of 2,000 cases from the Okanagan Valley at a price to net the growers a profit which would be small in a domestic market but satisfactory in an export market. The agricultural department believes that Egypt will offer a large market for British Columbia fruit in the future and is anxious to cultivate this business. A few apples from this country have found their way into Egypt before, but the market has never been built up in a big way.

"My wife used to play the piano a lot, but since the children came she doesn't have time."

"Children are a comfort, aren't they?"

Mrs. M. Milner, aged 96, is still busy making cane seats at Wycombe, England.

PATENTS

A List of "Wanted Inventions" and Full Information Sent Free on Request. THE RAMSAY CO. 177 578 BANK ST. OTTAWA, CAN.

NO LONGER SUFFER FROM INDIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, HEADACHE, BRUISES, PAINS, COLIC, AND ALL THE OTHERS THAT BOTHER YOU. FRUIT-A-TIVES

W. N. U. 1897

Scenic Automobile Route

Endorse Lake Superior Route For Trans-Canada Highway Through Northern Ontario

At a meeting of representatives of the Port Arthur and Fort William city councils and chambers of commerce, held in Port Arthur, and addressed by John Lang and R. A. Gibson, delegates from Sault Ste. Marie, a resolution was adopted, approving of the Lake Superior route for the proposed trans-Canada highway through northern Ontario.

The meeting was unanimous and accepted the view that while the cost per mile of construction might be slightly higher, the aggregate cost, because of saving in distance, would be considerably less than for the proposed alternative routes further to the north, and felt also that this would open up a scenic route second to none on the continent.

It was further believed that with a time saving of one day over any other possible route for such tourists as would make the circuit, it would be a much greater attraction for visitors from the south.

In order to get action on the matter, the Port William Chamber of Commerce some time ago adopted resolution, approving a compromise route which would touch Chapleau and Oba, considerably to the north and adding 145 miles to the 475 miles between Port Arthur and the Soo. Representatives present at the meeting said the Port William Chamber of Commerce would almost certainly be willing to reconsider the matter and join Port Arthur and the Soo in urging the all-lake shore route.



(By Eva A. Tingey)

72.73



COLLEGE DAYS

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York. Are you needing a cute little dress for return to class, or maybe your first venture into the world of business? Here's a darling style, so fresh and chic!

Neath the wee bolero jacket, the dress is held by simple shoulder straps. One of the new season's closely woven jersey tweeds would be lovely for this model—the collar and cuffs are pique. Plain or spotted crepe, could also be used or almost any dress weight woolen of the plain or tweed variety.

For afternoon wear, the model is charming developed in marocain, flammings, or broadcloth, when naturally the collar and cuffs will be of contrasting silk or satin.

The belt is leather or suede. This pattern may be obtained in sizes 14 to 20 and 34 to 40. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. 1011 Size 34-36

Name _____

Town _____

Children's Colds Best Treated Externally

Stop them over-night without "dosing"—rub on at bedtime

VICKS

OVER 15 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

School For Fin Eton

Mining Town In Northern Manitoba Town To Have Public School

Efforts of the mining town of Fin Eton to have a public school instruction this year have at last been successful, according to word received in The Pas. Equipment is now being installed in the class rooms, and it is expected that work will begin within ten days.

Financial plans are about complete. With grants from the province, the town, and with the aid of the Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Co., grades up to eight will be taught this year.

It has been decided to engage Miss Doris M. Foster, of Winnipeg Beach, to teach the primary grades, and Miss Margaret Sutherland for grades three, four and five.

Find Early Coins

Interesting Discovery In Wales Of Gold Coins Minted In 1340

Thirty golden nobles, in perfect condition and apparently fresh from the Mint where they were struck to celebrate the defeat of the French fleet by Edward III, at Sluis, in 1340, were discovered recently on the edge of an ancient road leading from Talsiean, Cardiganhire, to the Dovey Estuary, where a ferry in olden days carried travellers across to North Wales.

The coins depict an English warship breasting the waves and surmounted by the English coat-of-arms and the King's head.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

BREAKFAST MUFFINS

2 cups special cake flour, sifted.

4 teaspoons baking powder.

1/2 teaspoon salt.

1 egg, well beaten.

3/4 cup milk.

4 tablespoons butter or other shortening, melted.

Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder and salt, and sift again.

Combine egg and milk and add to flour, beating until smooth. Add shortening. Bake in greased muffin pan in hot oven (400 degrees Fahrenheit) 25 minutes. Makes 10 muffins.

BAKED FISH

1 average helping filleted flounder, fresh haddock or whiting.

2 tablespoons butter.

Salt and pepper.

1 lemon.

Grease a plate and lay the fish on it with the skin side upwards. Put in the oven five minutes and the skin can be easily removed. Moil butter in a flat pan, lay fish on it and place in hot oven 400 degrees Fahrenheit, eight to ten minutes. Baste twice while baking. Remove season and squeeze lemon juice over. Serve hot.

Tour To the Orient

Business Men To Sail On Chamber Of Commerce Tour To Japan and China

Several business men of Edmonton and Calgary have already signified their intention of joining the Canadian Chamber of Commerce tour to the Orient, which sails from Vancouver on the "Empress of Asia" on October 16th. The tour will include a visit to Japan and reception by the Japanese Government, and trips to Shanghai, Nanking, Hong Kong and Canton, and the members will be back before Christmas. The tour is not limited to members of Chambers of Commerce and Boards of Trade, but is open to the general public as well.

In many parts of Africa there is a tree which bears large seeds resembling huge sausages.

A Shaving Lotion

When mixed with sweet oil, Minard's serves as an after shaving lotion and antiseptic. Soothes and refreshes the skin.

MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Canadian breeders of poultry and livestock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment.

Profitable investments in poultry and livestock are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

Distributors: JOHN A. CHANTLER & CO., LTD.

51 Wellington St. W. TORONTO, ONT.

USE WINDOLITE IN BROODER HOUSES LAYING PENS DAIRY BARN SUNBOWNS ETC.

CUT DOWN YOUR LOSSES BY INSTALLING WINDOLITE

This unbreakable glass substitute is light and flexible, easy to cut and fit, will withstand extreme changes in temperature, keeps out cold and wet, but allows the full sunlight to enter, including the health-giving Ultra-Violet Rays, which do not penetrate ordinary glass.

Canadian breeders of poultry and livestock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment.

Profitable investments in poultry and livestock are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

Distributors: JOHN A. CHANTLER & CO., LTD.

51 Wellington St. W. TORONTO, ONT.

USE WINDOLITE IN BROODER HOUSES LAYING PENS DAIRY BARN SUNBOWNS ETC.

CUT DOWN YOUR LOSSES BY INSTALLING WINDOLITE

Wins First Prize For Layer Cake

Golden Text: "And they were both righteous before God, walking in all the commandments and ordinances of the Lord blameless."—Luke 1:6.

Lesson: Luke 15-30.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 122.

explanations and Comments

A Righteous Couple, verses 5, 6.—In the days of Herod, King of Judaea (Herod the Great, who reigned from 37 to 4 B.C.), there lived a priest named Zacharias, of the course, or group of Abijah. "David divided the priests into twenty-four courses, each of which in rotation was responsible for the temple services for a week. Each course, therefore, officiated twice a year, at an interval of six months. After the captivity only four courses returned, but these were subdivided into twenty-four courses under the old manner. The course of Abijah is said to officiate in April and October." The wife of Zacharias, who was a descendant of Aaron, was named Elizabeth. "The wife of Zacharias, the hill country south of Jerusalem. Both were righteous before God, walking in all the commandments and ordinances. They were not faultless, but blameless according to the Old Testament standards."

The Birth and Naming of John verses 57-66.—When Elizabeth's son was born, all her neighbors and relations rejoiced with her. "There is nothing else in the world so important as children, nothing else so 'in' as that." David Starr Jordan.

Those present at the circumcision of the child when he was eight days old, his father, but Elizabeth said, "Ye are wrong! he shall be called John." See verse 13.—"John" means "the grace of God." "There is none of thy kind, that is called by this name," they said in amazement, and turning to the father, they asked him what the name should be, making use of signs, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

ZACHARIAS AND ELIZABETH — Life in a Pious Jewish Home

Golden Text: "And they were both righteous before God, walking in all the commandments and ordinances of the Lord blameless."—Luke 1:6.

Lesson: Luke 15-30.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 122.

explanations and Comments

A Righteous Couple, verses 5, 6.—In the days of Herod, King of Judaea (Herod the Great, who reigned from 37 to 4 B.C.), there lived a priest named Zacharias, of the course, or group of Abijah. "David divided the priests into twenty-four courses, each of which in rotation was responsible for the temple services for a week. Each course, therefore, officiated twice a year, at an interval of six months. After the captivity only four courses returned, but these were subdivided into twenty-four courses under the old manner. The course of Abijah is said to officiate in April and October." The wife of Zacharias, who was a descendant of Aaron, was named Elizabeth. "The wife of Zacharias, the hill country south of Jerusalem. Both were righteous before God, walking in all the commandments and ordinances. They were not faultless, but blameless according to the Old Testament standards."

The Birth and Naming of John verses 57-66.—When Elizabeth's son was born, all her neighbors and relations rejoiced with her. "There is nothing else in the world so important as children, nothing else so 'in' as that." David Starr Jordan.

Those present at the circumcision of the child when he was eight days old, his father, but Elizabeth said, "Ye are wrong! he shall be called John." See verse 13.—"John" means "the grace of God." "There is none of thy kind, that is called by this name," they said in amazement, and turning to the father, they asked him what the name should be, making use of signs, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf, for he seems to be supposed deaf as well as dumb. (Verses 18-20.)"

"Five words cost Zacharias forty weeks' silence." Thomas Fuller. "Various suggestions have been made to derive the conclusion that he was deaf,

SOVIETS HAVE SINISTER SYSTEM OF MARKETING

Montreal.—The menace of Russian wheat lies not so much in its volume, as in the marketing method which the Soviet employs, said Hon. Robert Weir, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, here.

"The Russians appear to have developed a particularly sinister marketing system," the minister explained. "They take a quantity of wheat and dump it on the market all at once and give the impression of having an unlimited volume. That breaks the market and creates a panic among our growers. They think that there is no outlet for their wheat, whereas there is, of course, always an outlet."

The minister would not forecast how long the present Russian situation would overhang the market. He repeated, however, that it was not the volume but the marketing method of the Soviets which was sinister at the present time, and added that it would take but a relatively small change in the general situation to induce a substantial movement upon the part of Canadian wheat.

Hon. Mr. Weir outlined his hope of building up not only a substantial cattle trade with Britain, but also an interprovincial trade between Eastern and Western Canada in chopped feed for livestock. Both of these trades, he believed, were capable of substantial development which would redound to the advantage not only of the western farmer, but also of the Eastern Canadian dairyman.

New York.—The World today quoted Aaron Shapiro, an authority on commodities and marketing, as saying he believes the Russian Soviets are planning a billion bushel crop for the coming year, which they can produce at 50 cents a bushel at Black Sea ports, as compared with the American production cost of upward of 80 cents. A great part of this crop, he thinks, can be dumped on foreign markets.

He said he had reason to believe that Russia was figuring that the United States next spring would have a surplus of at least 200,000,000 bushels which, together with the huge Russian crop, would depress prices greatly.

The short sales in his opinion, were made to make money for the all-Russian textile syndicate, which expects the price to be down as a result of the huge Russian crop, and to be able to cover at a large profit.

For Relief Of Farmers

Alberta Government Taking Steps To Ameliorate Conditions

Calgary, Alberta.—Among plans being considered by the provincial government for the relief of Alberta farmers during the coming winter, Premier J. E. Brownlee announced here, were separate conferences between the cabinet ministers of the province and representatives of the implement companies, mortgage and loan companies, automobile finance corporations and the Retail Merchants' Association, which have been arranged by Attorney-General Lymburn, to take place in the coming winter.

A meeting of the bank representatives with government officials was held a few days ago, and four of the cabinet members conferred with the livestock interests in the south. "The farmer must be allowed his living this winter, and we are trying to get to the bottom of the situation and then decide what can be done. Among other things, it may be possible to bring in enough livestock to use up the surplus coarse grains and fodder crops this winter," the premier stated.

Deplores Alarmist Talk

Dr. Swanson Says There Is No Over Production Of Wheat

Quebec, Que.—All alarmist talk of world over-production of wheat was, in his opinion, wholly unwarranted, Dr. W. W. Swanson, of Saskatoon, head of the Department of Economics of the University of Saskatchewan, said, prior to sailing for London, England. Dr. Swanson is one of the wheat experts attending the London conference in an advisory capacity.

"Wheat is the world's basic food; there has never been any true surplus of food and there probably never will be," Dr. Swanson said. "There certainly is none at present, and a country such as Canada may safely regard its stores of wheat as the truest form of wealth, certain to be converted into money on a fair basis of price, despite temporary difficulties of marketing."

W. N. U. 1897

Manitoba's First Welfare Conference

Important Conference To Be Held In Winnipeg Early This Month

Winnipeg, Man.—Much interest is now being taken throughout the Province in the first Manitoba Conference on Social Work that is to be held at the Marlborough Hotel, Winnipeg, on the 7th, 8th and 9th of October.

This is to be a conference where everyone interested in social work or any phase of it, and including social workers, church workers, teachers, nurses, municipal officials, school trustees and board members, and those who come in contact with the different human problems of their communities will be welcome, and their part in the discussions appreciated.

Much study has been given over the past few months to the series of topics related to Manitoba problems that should occupy a place on the program, and to the securing of the most qualified persons to lead in their presentation and discussion. Over fifty men and women, all prominent in their various fields, have already accepted certain responsibilities for this purpose.

Two outstanding speakers, Dr. Bernard H. McGhie, of Orillia, possibly Canada's foremost authority on the training of the feeble-minded child, and Dr. Henry L. McKay of Chicago, a noted student of the problem of the delinquent, are among those on the program.

The problems of the underprivileged or wayward child, the destitute or broken up family, the mental defective, the delinquent, are, he believed, were capable of substantial development which would redound to the advantage not only of the western farmer, but also of the Eastern Canadian dairyman.

The financial burden placed on provincial and municipal funds, as well as the calls on the purse of the benevolent individual, are, he said, assuming greater proportions. There is, in addition, an ever-widening belief, and, in consequence, an increasing pressure on the public authorities, that for the general good more still has to be done in dealing with the problem of the mental defective. In difficult times, such as the one the country is now passing through, the question of family relief and the proper responsibility for its care is assuming a new importance.

All such questions are giving increased thought and anxiety to those interested in the welfare of their various communities, and emphasize the necessity for seeking an intelligent plan to deal with them.

The State of Minnesota, for over 30 years held annual conferences on the welfare work and every year has brought an increasing help to those engaged in the work. Representative attendance from all over the Province should give to this first Manitoba Conference on social work, decisions and results of the greatest benefit, and work out practical methods for dealing with some of the immediate difficulties.

To those desiring the detailed program of the conference, a request is made to the Secretary, 753 Wolsley Ave., Winnipeg, Manitoba, will secure it.

Is Proving a Success

Canadian Cattle Exports To Britain Favorably Received

Ottawa, Ont.—"The resumption of Canada's export cattle trade to the United Kingdom has apparently got away to a good start," commented H. S. Arkell, Dominion livestock commissioner, following receipt of a report on the initial shipment of Canadian beef cattle to Manchester, England.

"Our cattle have evidently met a very satisfactory reception despite the fact they arrived on the market during one of the hottest spells of weather England has experienced in 20 years," Mr. Arkell said.

"Now that we have made such a good start, Canadian shippers should see to it that no inferior cattle are allowed to go overseas."

Saving To Dairy Farmer

Cream Exporters Now Have Inspection Free Of Charge

Ottawa, Ontario.—As a measure of relief for dairy farmers producing milk and cream for export to the United States, Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, has issued instructions to the veterinary inspection staff that beginning September 22, inspections required under the United States Federal Import Milk Act to permit of milk or cream being shipped into the United States, shall be made free of charge.

This means a saving to the dairy farmer of from \$2 to \$5 or more for the official inspection of his premises and herd.

Evolves White Tomato

Vancouver, B.C.—A retired soldier farmer at Chilliwack, after years of experimenting, has produced a white tomato. This most unusual variety is non-acid and has been cultivated especially for sufferers from diabetes.

SPIRITED REPLY TO CRITICISMS OF WHEAT POOL

Saskatoon, Sask.—The individual farmer in Saskatchewan is harder pressed financially today than he was in 1923, when the Wheat Pool was organized, in the opinion of H. S. Fry, of Regina, publicity director of the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool.

Commenting on the Winnipeg news despatch which said that reports had been circulated to various exchanges that the Pool was facing a financial disaster, Mr. Fry said that was "only an exaggerated example of what has been going on particularly during the past three months."

Opponents of organized marketing on the part of farmers, there is considered the present an opportune time to try to shake the faith of farmers in their marketing organization. The attempt would fail, he was convinced. The Pool was handling a larger percentage of the crop than last year.

Whatever happens, farmers will not go back to a system which the great majority of them have abandoned because of its failure to give consideration to the producer as a primary factor.

The spreading of maliciously faked reports such as the one circulated recently the director termed "as traitorous to the national welfare and the welfare of agriculture in Western Canada, as it is well-timed psychologically."

"I can only repeat," said Mr. Fry, "what has already been said from so many official quarters, that there is absolutely no foundation whatever for this malicious story."

"This is a matter which, of course, directly affects the business of the central selling agency, but attacks such as this, made under cover and designed to mislead the power of the press, are not unheard of in our experience previously, and are aimed primarily at breaking down the morale of the membership of the provincial pools, on the basis of which the C.S.A. operates."

Many factors combined to create the farmers' serious financial condition, Mr. Fry believed, among these low prices, short crops, obligations to creditors accumulated during years of higher prices, and the general world-wide depression.

"This unusual combination of circumstances is being used to the utmost by those who would injure the Pool through any means short of direct libel," he said, "and the incident is only an aggravated example of what has been going on in a lesser way continually and in the last three months in particular."

"All these efforts to undermine organized marketing in this province are foredoomed to certain failure. Farmers may well be disappointed at the present low level of prices. Cash wheat has dropped nearly 50 cents on the Winnipeg market since the beginning of the present crop year."

Seeking Cause Of Depression

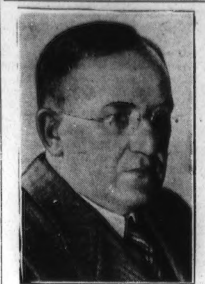
Geneva, Switzerland.—Susan Lawson, Labor chairman and parliamentary secretary to the ministry of health in the MacDonald cabinet, in the name of the British Government urged the League of Nations assembly to institute a world-wide scientific inquiry into the fundamental causes of economic depression reported by virtually all countries on the globe.

BISHOP-ELECT GOES TO NEW DIOCESE



His Lordship J. Rodrigue Villeneuve, bishop-elect of Gravelbourg, Saskatchewan, accompanied by other high Roman Catholic dignitaries, passed through Winnipeg recently en route to Gravelbourg in the Canadian Pacific private car Montmorency. This photograph was taken upon their arrival at Winnipeg where they stayed a short time. From left to right: Bishop Guy O.M.I., Archbishop Forbes, of Ottawa, Bishop J. Rodrigue Villeneuve and Bishop J. Prud'homme, of the diocese of Prince Albert-Saskatoon.

NEW CABINET MINISTER



Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, Ottawa, Canada.

'Plane Makes Speedy Trip

Six Hours For Flight From Oklahoma To Winnipeg

Winnipeg, Man.—Nine hundred and thirty miles in 385 minutes—almost 25 miles a minute—that is the record made by Daniel J. Moran, president of the Continental Oil Company and four companions, including W. M. Harrison, managing editor of the Daily Oklahoman, and former editor of the Winnipeg Tribune, in the fastest trip ever made by humans from Oklahoma City to Winnipeg.

Mr. Moran had a date in Winnipeg with Governor Sales of the Hudson's Bay Company, and he started from the southern city with a forty-mile wind trying to pound his tail all the way through. He left there in the morning and had lunch in Winnipeg and was smilingly shaking hands with Governor Sales nearly 1,000 miles from his starting point in the afternoon. He used his own tri-motored custom-built Ford monoplane.

Relief Work Started

Unemployed Mine Workers Of Nova Scotia Will Receive Help

Halifax, N.S.—Distribution of relief to mine workers and their families in the various colliery districts of Nova Scotia affected by unemployment will be started immediately, the cost to be borne by the Federal and Provincial Governments and the municipalities in communities concerned. This statement was made by P. W. Morrison, president of the United Mine Workers, district 26, and mayor of Glace Bay, following a conference with Hon. Percy C. Black, acting premier of Nova Scotia.

Illicit Narcotics Traffic

League Of Nations Told That Canada Is One Of The Victims

Geneva, Switzerland.—Mrs. Mary Irene Farby, of Alberta, told the social questions committee of the League of Nations that Canada is one of the "victims" of the illicit traffic in narcotics.

She said the situation was improving, however, owing to the arrest of many taking part in the traffic. Thorough control of narcotics entering Canada had also aided in decreasing the quantities illegally brought in.

Civil War Veteran Dies

South Bend, Ind.—The 21st Indiana Battery with its bright Civil War colors today is only a memory. Its last surviving member, Charles A. Lawson, 89, was buried here recently.

See Trade Revival

Bankers Predict Permanent Improvement In Volume Of Business

Victoria, B.C.—"We have reached the bottom and are at the turn," Sir Robert Holt, president of the Royal Bank of Canada, said here recently in commenting on conditions in Canada.

"There is no stringency of money in the country," commented Sir Charles Gordon, president of the Bank of Montreal, another Canadian financier visiting here. "The trade of the country has suffered a setback due in some measure to the low price of commodities, but there is a better feeling now," Sir Charles added.

"The revival is coming, but it will be gradual," he continued. There is plenty of money in the country for the business being done and we are always ready to advance loans for legitimate commercial enterprise. "This year's crop, which has been estimated at four hundred million bushels, is better than had been expected," Sir Charles commented.

"There should be a permanent improvement in the volume of business done by the manufacturers of the country," he said when questioned concerning the new tariff.

OUTCRY AGAINST THE DUMPING OF RUSSIAN WHEAT

London, England.—Wheat will play possibly a dominant part at the Imperial Conference discussions. The dumping of Russian wheat produced under conditions of semi-serfdom, has raised an outcry not only in rural England but across the agrarian states of Europe.

It has given the movement for wider Empire preference impetus such as no mere academic discussion could possibly have done.

Nevertheless there are strong doubts as to whether the present Labor government would be prepared to impose a duty on foreign wheat. The "Free Traders" and the "Producers," such as Rt. Hon. Philip Snowden, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Rt. Hon. William Graham, president of the Board of Trade, are much at the economic helm at Downing Street.

The Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, Secretary of State for the Dominions, has a counter scheme which would accord preferences by way of bulk discounts. But although Mr. Thomas has not yet divulged the details of his plan it is meeting strenuous criticism on the ground that it will increase the price of food.

"The Daily Herald, Labor organ, dismisses the outcry against the dumping of Russian wheat as a political stunt."

In regard to the conference on Dominion legislation, whose report comes up for consideration at the Imperial Conference, the Manchester Guardian remarks that its findings, as a whole, will doubtless be adopted without much difficulty.

"The right of the British Government to disallow or reserve Dominion legislation has become purely theoretical and the recommendation that it should finally be abolished is not likely to be disputed," says the Guardian.

"It is well, however, to recognize that this means that minorities such as the Southern Loyalists in Ireland and the native groups actually warring in the Union of South Africa, can no longer, even in theory, look to Britain for protection."

"That Dominion legislation should have extra-territorial validity is also a necessary and desirable result of equality. Difficult questions arise, such as the uniformity of merchant shipping legislation within the Empire, but this will be of the greatest value."

"If a dominion which now has no mercantile marine, asserts its desire to fly its own flag to the exclusion of one which marks it as a member of the British Commonwealth, there will be no thunder from Whitehall to deny its right to do so."

The Guardian believes, however, that if the test actually came the practical convenience of flying a flag which the British navy would recognize and protect would likely weigh heavily against the pleasure of asserting undisputed independence.

Regarding the much-discussed abolition of dominion appeals to the judicial committee of the Privy Council, the Guardian remarks that those who are alarmed to hear talk of modifying the tribunal's functions may be comforted by the fact that the need for some final imperial court is recognized even by those dominions which have taken the most pleasure in flouting the authority of the present one.

CAREFUL CHECK WILL BE KEPT ON IMPORTERS

Ottawa, Ont.—Careful checks on the transactions made by Canadian importers under the section of the new tariff which permits bona fide contracts for goods to escape the higher duties until Nov. 30, was made by the Department of National Revenue, it was announced by Hon. E. B. Ryckman, the minister in charge. Under regulations issued recently, the department will demand from the importer a copy of the original purchase order attested to by affidavit and, in addition, proof of acceptance prior to September 16 last, of the order of the exporter.

The new tariff, amended in parliament by Premier R. E. Bennett so as to permit importers to bring into the country under the old rates until November 30, goods which had been on order prior to September 16. The new regulations will attempt to prevent fraud in this connection. Heavy penalties have been set forth for infringements of the new regulations which include seizure and forfeiture of the goods or a fine equal to the value of the goods and further prosecution in the courts.

The regulations are aimed at unscrupulous importers falsifying dates of purchase and antedating orders. Mr. Ryckman said when announcing the rulings. Fear that the full benefit of the recent tariff changes might be lost through such action had been expressed in his own words by producers. The view had been placed before him, he added, that such a large quantity of goods might be brought into the country that Canadian production might be hampered thus defeating the goal of the tariff changes—that of relieving unemployment in this country.

The regulations, prescribing proof of bona fide purchase by contract prior to September 16, require the following: Copy of original purchasing order attested to by affidavit of importer and acceptance thereof by the exporter prior to September 16. It was stated further: "No purchase order will be accepted as bona fide which does not specify definite quantity or quantities with definite price or prices and provide for delivery on or before November 30, 1930."

Price Of Glass Advances

Ottawa Government Will Make Through Investigation

Ottawa, Ont.—The price of glass had advanced since the new tariff, which sharply increased the duty on this commodity, went into effect according to advices received by the Department of National Revenue.

Officials of that department state that the companies which proposed to manufacture glass in this country undertook that the prices should not be increased because of the duty. However, no glass is yet being manufactured in Canada, and in the meantime it is claimed importers are shoving up the price. The department has the matter under consideration.

Expect Collapse Of Gandhi Movement

Indian Government Reports Revolt Is Nearing End

Simla, India.—The collapse of Mahatma Gandhi's civil disobedience movement was prophesied in the Indian government's weekly communiqué on the political situation in the country.

The communiqué said that the influence of propaganda of National Congress agents was "rapidly evaporating" and though still important in rural areas was destined to fall inevitably because of the deleterious economic consequences of the civil disobedience campaign.

Executions In Russia

Forty-Eight Revolutionists Are Shot For Destroying Food Reserves

Moscow, Russia.—Members of a secret counter-revolutionary society, numbering 48, who were found guilty of seeking to starve the population of the Soviet Union by destroying the food reserve of the country, were shot recently by the G.P.U. as "unreconcilable enemies of the Soviet Government and active counter-revolutionists."

Professor Alexander Ryzantsev and Eugene Ryzantsev headed the list of executed governmental officials.

Spain has abandoned its plan for a radio monopoly.

Radio Telephone Links

London Will Be Hub Of World Phone Service

"Hello, Central, this is London speaking. Will you please connect me with Bombay?"

Two more radio telephone links from London are expected to come into operation shortly, and taking into account efforts by Germany to get into telephonic touch with the Far East, this will mean that the whole world will have been joined up by voice links, with London as the hub of the service.

Work on an extension from Australia to New Zealand has been commenced, and if successful 180,000 telephones will be brought into the international circuit. Arrangements for a service to India are still being negotiated, but once these are made, it is anticipated that the installation of a special transmitter in India will not take more than three or four months.

In the first place, the service will probably be only to Bombay, but extensions will quickly follow to the United Provinces and the Valley of the Ganges, from Calcutta to the Northwest Frontier. Madras and eventually Burma will no doubt be brought in.

Another country which may be brought into the international circuit at any time is Egypt. Only the work of the Egyptian government is needed. From Egypt there would probably be extensions to Palestine and Transjordan.

Meanwhile the Telefunken Company of Germany is experimenting with a radio telephone link with Tokyo and, if this can be established, arrangements will immediately be made to "switch in" London. The Telefunken Company is anxious to install a service to Nanking and the remainder of China.

The virtual completion of an international telephone service is thus only a matter of months. South Africa will, of course, be brought into the system, though experiments have not yet commenced.

The total number of telephones in the world recorded in the last returns was 32,644,000, and there are now probably 34,000,000, of which over 90 per cent. are connected with one another.

Keeps Thousands Busy

Large Number Employed In British Columbia Salmon Industry

The Department of Fisheries estimates that more than 20,000 people are this season engaged in the salmon industry of British Columbia. Of this number 13,000 are fishermen and about 8,000 work in the fish-canning plants.

In addition hundreds of employees are engaged by the can manufacturing companies to make the millions of cans required by the fishing industry. Up to the present time 40,000,000 pounds of salmon have been caught.

Bumper Potato Crop

There is a record crop of potatoes in Canada this year. It will total, according to the latest official estimate, 66,500,000 bushels, or 45 per cent. more than in 1929. Potatoes are grown in commercial quantities in all the provinces of Canada. In the Maritime Provinces—Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island—potato growing is an important industry and a large percentage of the crop is exported to the West Indies and the Eastern and Southern States.

Is Of Some Use

Spread of the miniature golf craze throughout the United States has been a great boon to the electric light companies through the use of approximately \$2,000,000 worth of electricity each month, according to figures compiled.

A garage fire in Brooklyn destroyed more than 100 autos. Many families lost everything they had.



"The children who annoy me least in the theatre are those that cry."
"Surely not?"
"Yes, because they are always taken out."—Gutteries, Madrid.

W. N. U. 1897

A Trans-Canada Airway

Prediction Made By Controller Of Civil Aviation, Ottawa

Hope that before many years have passed Canada will have a transcontinental airway that is second to none, was expressed by J. A. Wilson, Controller of Civil Aviation, Ottawa. While air routes have been established in the east and in the west, said Mr. Wilson, there is still work to be done between here and Winnipeg. "We have the separate links," he said, "but we will not have the full benefit until the chain is completed."

Already there are 800 miles of lighted airways in Canada, stated Mr. Wilson, for night flying, and 300 more miles will be added this year. Reviewing flying conditions in Canada, Mr. Wilson paid tribute to the pilots, who practically unknown to the public, are making outstanding contributions to the development of flying in the north country. "I hope," he said, "that a new Kipling will arise and write the story as it should be told."

Canada, he noted, has not been gaining fame for breaking world's records in aviation, or for spectacular flights. "In fact," he said, "our fellows are also breaking records, but you don't hear anything about them because it is done in the ordinary course of the day's work."

Referring to the air mail service, Mr. Wilson stated that mail taken from the boats at Rimouski, is placed in a Chicago before the boat docks in Quebec, and, "he said, 'There is no reason why we should not take the mail off further down and have another day. This is perfectly practicable.'

Objects To Red Barns

Wisconsin Man Shares Cost Of Painting Them Other Colors

Farmers in the country around Janesville, Wisconsin, must have been pleased when their rich neighbor, Mr. George S. Parker, called with an offer to aid in painting their barns and other outbuildings. He wanted the general appearance of the countryside improved, and proved his desire by proposing to give part of the cost of painting to all farmers who would join in the beautifying movement. To those who painted their barns any color other than red, he offered a larger proportion of the cost than to the others.

It was not long before the landscape was dotted with white barns. Cream or white seemed to be the only color suggesting itself to the farmers as a possible substitute for the familiar red, but as soon as a half dozen barns had turned pale, there was a protest from another resident of the locality. Mr. F. L. Wright, an architect, spoke up for red.

He said there ought to be a law requiring red for barns, and he wrote an article on the subject for a local paper, declaring that "a barnstead is warmed and given life by the red of the barns as they stand over the hills and yellow fields."

If the strongest feeling in the community now supports Mr. Parker, it is not strange, for red barns lack the financial support of white ones. The two leaders are not really bitter about it as yet, but Mr. Parker has sent for a noted designer to give an opinion, and insists that red barns are "a curse on Wisconsin landscape."—New York Times.

The Honey Crop

Shows Substantial Increase Both In Volume and Value

Honey production in Canada, despite a lowering price average, shows a big increase in both volume and value. Much of this increase has been due to the help provided apiarists through the research work of the Bee Division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. In 1927 the nine provinces produced a total of 23,194,493 pounds of honey, which, selling at an average price of thirteen cents a pound, was worth \$3,026,558. In 1929 the production amounted to 30,978,735 pounds. This sold at an average price of eleven cents a pound, giving a crop value of \$3,402,637. Ontario is the largest single producer of honey, the 1929 crop amounting to 1,000,000 pounds, while Prince Edward Island produced only 14,000 pounds.

Request Superfluous

The conjurer's turn had not been going too well. The audience received each trick in stony silence. Not to be daunted, however, he stuck steadily to his task.

"Ladies and gentlemen," he said, "if any person will oblige me with an egg, I will perform an amazing disappearing trick."

Nobody seemed able to produce the article, and after a momentary silence a voice called out from the gallery:

"If anybody 'ere 'ad an egg, you'd 'ave got it long ago."

London's Technical Schools Are Efficient

Tuition In Every Known Subject Can Be Given

London is rapidly becoming the best educational centre in Europe. Tuition in every subject can be obtained in its well-equipped technical and trade schools.

The London County Council has just appointed a visiting instructor to teach the theory and practice of massage and face massage to hair-dressing students.

"You cannot name any subject we do not teach," said an L.C.C. official to a press representative.

"Jewelry? We teach all about the polishing and cutting of stones, the ways of setting rings and brooches, and every aspect of the craft."

"Do you know that 25,000 Londoners study such subjects as psychology, astronomy and high-brow literature? London is an intellectually curious city, more so than anywhere else."

"Aeronautics? Well, we don't teach flying, but we study aero engines and the maintenance, and repair, and also the building of aeroplane bodies."

"There are three kinds of schools in London—the trade schools, those for hobbies and those for the study of abstract and cultural subjects. The trade schools endeavor to fit boys and girls for their right vocations."

"We work in conjunction with the trade unions and employers, and no girl and few boys who have learned a skilled trade at one of our schools are unemployed at present."

Life In Village Or Town

Conditions Are Very Often Better Than In Big City

We are sometimes inclined to wonder why it is that so many people either do not see, or will not see, the obvious advantages of village, or even of very small town life, especially in a period of scarcity and depression. Instead they crowd into the large cities where thousands have crowded before them think, apparently, that if a living is to be found anywhere it will be in the great centres of population. Cheaper living—rental, food, fuel, and sometimes, also, certain types of clothing—are not the only advantages of village life. There are opportunities for turning the honest penny that do not exist in the city.

China Wants Leather Goods

A demand for leather in China within the near future, which should open a market for Canadian manufacturers, has been reported to the Department of Trade and Commerce by L. M. Cogswave, Canadian Trade Commissioner at Shanghai. The disorderly condition of the country and the continued decrease in the price of silver has resulted in the denuding of the stocks of leather throughout the country and heavy replacements will soon be required.

A Puzzle To Doctors

A girl who cries at jokes and laughs in time of trouble has been puzzling the doctors of Bordeaux, France. They believe that she has inherited mania which the medical men say, they cannot cure. Apart from this peculiarity she is normal. But when her face is tear-stained her eyes register amusement, and when she smiles they reveal unhappiness.

Over-Production

A Peculiar Situation Wherein Want and Abundance Exist Side By Side

What's the matter with North America? Here the condition exists that multitudes are idle and hungry because there is over-production of food and everything else. Want and abundance exist side by side. Want is, in fact, the consequence of abundance.

There is an immense supply of wheat, but many of those, abroad and at home, who need it cannot afford to buy it. Of manufactured goods more have been made than can be sold.

Some scribble much of the trouble, in so far as Canada, at least, is concerned, to "depression," and they attribute the depression to loss of confidence. The stock market collapse left a large and enterprising section of the people limp and dispirited.

Buying on the installment plan has enabled all kinds of manufacturing to expand. People could buy almost anything by paying 10 per cent. down. The article so purchased was as effectively bought and sold as if it had been paid for in cash.

The sales department of a factory sold; it was the job of the collections department to collect. Therefore, be 10 or 20 times the producing and selling that there would have been if the installment plan of paying had not been introduced. It may be that this is where "depression" gets in its work. People who have lost confidence will not pay down 10 per cent. and obligate themselves to pay the other 90 per cent. at so much per month.

And once the open-handed, confident, installment plan buying ceases, over-production manifests itself instantly and piles up like the cars of a long railway train after the engine has collided with an immovable object.—Toronto Star.

Tip For Beekeepers

Combs Can Be Used Again After Honey Is Extracted

When a beekeeper lacks funds or is not in a position to purchase the normal number of supers and frames for his apiary, he may use the combs after the honey has been extracted from them. The honey should be taken from the combs as carefully as possible leaving only a thin film of honey still adhering to the insides of the cells. These wet combs should be returned to the colonies needing more room as soon as possible. Wet combs attract the worker bees and at once they will begin to store honey in them if the nectar flow is on. The jagged torn tops of the cells made by the uncapping kit will be gone over by the workers and soon made neat and even. At the end of the season supers of empty wet combs may be placed upon the colonies to be cleaned before storing them for winter.

Many Trees Distributed

The number of settlers visited last year, by the inspectors of tree plantations, was 18,012, of whom 1,524 were in Manitoba, 7,771 in Saskatchewan, and 3,717 in Alberta. The total number of trees distributed by the Forest Service, Department of the Interior, since the inauguration of the scheme, in 1901, is 110,768, of them, 3,738,131 were conifers, and the remainder broad-leaved.

Honor Goes To Columbus

Even If Norsemen Reached America First As Reported

Plenty of people who aren't too certain about anything else are pretty sure that it was Columbus who discovered America, and some of them believe it was in 1492. It is going to be pretty hard on them if Capt. Donald Macmillan, American explorer just back from his fifteenth voyage north, is right in his opinion that the Norsemen anticipated Columbus by four hundred years. Capt. Macmillan says there are all sorts of traditions to that effect among the Esquimaux of the Labrador coast, and it is along that coast that he intends to do some prospecting himself in quest of traces of these Norse discoverers.

Heron of Alexandria undoubtedly came on the principle of the steam engine more than two centuries before Columbus, but he did nothing about it, and James Watt seems to deserve any credit accruing under that head.

The Norsemen may have anticipated Columbus by four hundred years, but they did nothing to make it count. So there is really nothing in rocking Columbus' statue after all. If anybody ever finally demonstrates that the Norsemen were here first, it will simply be to make us ask what they did with the wonderful opportunity chance committed to their hands.—Edmonton Journal.

An Underground Garden

Flowers and Fruit Grown Quickly Under Ultra-Violet Ray Lamps

The King and Queen recently visited a cellar at Cumberland Lodge, Windsor Great Park, where Lord and Lady Fitzalan have a wonderful underground garden. By means of two ultra-violet ray lamps and a floor specially prepared with soil and fertilizers, flowers and fruit are grown to perfection in a remarkably short space of time. The King and Queen, who were amazed at the results obtained, that they had daffodils in flower in the second week in January and as many strawberries as they required by March 15. The cellar is kept at a moderate temperature, and the flowers and fruit are seldom given more than eight hours a day of the ultra-violet rays. It is stated that there are only two similar gardens in existence—one in Sussex, and the other in New York.

A Big Service

The Department of Agriculture at Ottawa through its Publications Branch last year distributed to farmers all over Canada free of charge a total of 4,361,370 publications, bulletins, circulars and reports. In addition to this material 226 press articles and 148 magazine features were supplied. This is one of the ways in which the farmer is helped with his problems and kept in close touch with the condition of his markets and important new developments in agriculture.

Unsinkable Boat Tested

Tests of the new unsinkable boat over Lake Constance, Germany, are declared to have been successful. The boat resembles a cross between a dirigible and a submarine. It is divided into six water-tight compartments, with a water-tight cabin on top of them. A weight below helps to maintain stability.

Experiment Should Be Interesting

Northern Saskatchewan Schools Trying Experiment Which Has Real Value

An experiment in education is being made in certain high schools in Northern Saskatchewan that appears to have real value. It should be of interest to parents and the general public.

The experiment has to do with the need for some guidance for high school age boys and girls in relation to their future life task. Certain enterprising principals of high schools are setting out to recognize the opportunity of the high school in this matter and to meet a need that anyone who has to do with other boys and girls knows well does exist. One principal has outlined a scheme whereby local representatives of various trades and professions will speak on a regular basis in the school, to belong and indicate its opportunities and the way in which it can be entered. In this manner boys and girls will gain some idea of the work and possibilities for usefulness of the leading vocations and should be led to select a life task that will afford satisfaction in later years.

There can be no question of the confusion that often exists in the minds of bright boys and girls as to the best way in which to invest their talents and education. It appears to be a mistake for education to equip them for the future and then leave them in a quandary as to the best road or profession to enter. Often it means a mere opportunism without any real relation to the fitness of the one concerned. This leads to casual employment, even to unemployment and tragedy. The unskilled worker is usually the first man to be discharged in hard times and also is usually the man with the least reserve in a quagmire of misfortune.

An innovation of this hour would seem to merit encouragement. Principals of secondary colleges, collegiate and high schools might consider what can be done in this regard.—Regina (Evening) Leader-Post.

Some Horse Facts

Interesting Details Of The Cost Of Providing Feed For Animals

The report of the Dominion Animal Husbandman, Federal Department of Agriculture, furnishes the following interesting sidelights on horse costs: It took an average of \$137.05 to keep 18 work horses one year during the year ending March 31, 1929. Of oats, 5,796 pounds of bran, 105,678 pounds of hay, 10,800 pounds of carrots, and 180 pounds of salt.

With maintenance added to feed these horses cost \$236.32 each for the year.

It cost \$28.69 to raise a filly foal the first year, and \$48.45 the second. Feeding five foals a period of nine months cost \$29.22 each.

A Strange Diet

When tea was first introduced into England, the people were sometimes puzzled as to the preparation of it. As an instance it is recorded that a French nobleman having been sent a pound of tea, and not knowing how to use it, boiled the whole up in a bottle. She then sat down with some friends to eat the leaves with butter and salt. They wondered afterwards how such a diet could appeal to anyone.

Increase In Florist Business

At the second annual meeting of the Medicine Hat Greenhouse, Limited, it was pointed out, in the directors' report, that while it would be reasonable to expect the flower business to be amongst the first to suffer in a period of financial depression, there had actually been an increase in the volume of sales by the company.

First Inventor: "What are you working on now?"

Second: "Perpetual motion."

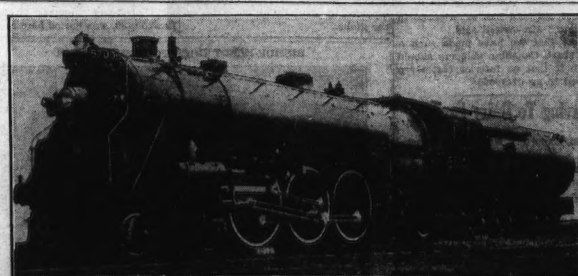
First: "What's the matter with the installment system?"

It isn't what a man stands for, as much as what he falls for.



The balcony scene in "Romeo and Juliet," on the radio.—Lustige Sachen, Leipzig.

Fastest Steam-Driven Giant on Wheels



The fastest steam-driven giant on wheels ever to make its appearance in Canada, the Hudson locomotive, 5700, was released September 18, from the shops of the Montreal Locomotive Works, to haul the world's fastest train, "The International Limited," or the Canadian National System, from Montreal to Chicago. This is the first of a family of five. The remainder will be delivered within a month.

To keep to schedule, 5700 will sometimes have to travel at the rate of 80 miles an hour. Its driving wheels are 30 inches in diameter, the largest in Canada. The drivers of the monster 6100 are seven inches smaller in diameter.

From end to end, the new Hudson is 92 feet and three quarter inches long and weighs, engine and tender, more than 321 tons. The water and coal capacity of the tender is greater than that of any other locomotive on the system, twenty tons of coal will be carried and 14,000 imperial gallons of water. The boiler pressure is 275 pounds; the maximum tractive power, without the booster, 43,300 pounds; with the booster, another 10,000 pounds may be added.

Heavily loaded to speed and power in the 5700, and for the sake of appearance as well as those other essentials, this locomotive has many features. "Trimming up" has resulted in the elimination of the sand dome and the placing of the sand chamber inside the smoke box, and in the concealment of practically all piping, particularly that above the running board. The jacket is of polished steel, while the other parts of the locomotive and the tender are ducol. Handrails are of stainless steel.



When Food Sours

About two hours after eating many people suffer from sour stomachs. They call it indigestion. It means that the stomach nerves have been over-stimulated. There is excess acid. The way to correct it is with an alkali, which neutralizes many times its volume in acid.

The right way is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia—just a tasteless dose in water. It is pleasant, efficient and

harmless. It has remained the standard with physicians in the 50 years since its invention.

It is the quick method. Results come almost instantly. It never uses another when you know.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any druggist.

THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

—BY—
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARMENTER

Copyright 1929

CHAPTER I

When, after years of slavery to the whims of a hard old uncle, Nicholas Hastings went forth on his quest for freedom, he started tramp-tramp, his belongings tied in a blue-checked handkerchief which he had bought for the occasion. For years he had foreseen this departure from the home of his father, the haughty farwell he should bestow upon an aunt uncle—the tears of his gentle Aunt Nettie when he took her in his arms. But Fate frustrated those plans. His patient little aunt had been laid away in Elmwood Cemetery two months before; and only a week ago his uncle had followed her, as if, Nick thought with grim and sacrilegious humor, he was loath to let her enjoy a peaceful residence in her Heavenly Mansion.

So there were no farewells to say. Instead, Nick left by the back door (because he didn't want Selma Smith, the village gossip, to see his stick and handkerchief), and stood for a moment looking off at the familiar landscape.

He had always loved the view from this little porch. An orchard arched gently to a green interval, through which a sleepy river travelled to the sea. One wouldn't have dreamed that the house stood on a dusty thoroughfare. From here were visible only "green pastures and still waters." Nick could remember sitting here with his mother on summer evenings, and after his mother's death, with old Aunt Nettie. For a moment a wave of tenderness for the place swept over him; then youth flooded back with an intoxicating exhilaration. He slipped the door key into his pocket, and with no thought of regret vaulted the stone wall and strode across the orchard, where once beyond the eyes of curious neighbors, he would strike into the broad highway.

Free! No more toiling over ledgers



for ANY CHILD

WE can never be sure just what makes a child restless, but the remedy can always be the same. Good old Castoria! There's comfort in every drop of this pure vegetable preparation, and not the slightest harm in its frequent use. As often as your child has a fretful spell, is feverish, or cries and can't sleep, let Castoria soothe and quiet him. Sometimes it's a touch of colic. Sometimes constipation. Or diarrhea—a condition that should always be checked without delay. Just keep Castoria handy, and give it when relief will follow very promptly; if it doesn't, you should call a physician.

Fletcher's CASTORIA

W. N. U. 1897

veal the fact that in selfishness he had almost forgotten the farwell, but his kind heart forbade the disclosure that he knew would hurt her.

"I came to say good-bye, never thinking that you, too, might long to do what I am doing. I'm ashamed of myself, Gay. What must you think of me?"

"I think," she said, meeting his eyes soberly, "that you're getting just what you deserve—a good time. What do you think of me, to imagine for a moment that I don't rejoice with you? Nick, you're only a boy, and you've never had much fun. Why shouldn't you be a little thoughtless? I believe I'm glad you are!"

He stirred a bit uneasily, while Gay added, with an understanding smile: "I mustn't keep you. I know you're chafing at the bit."

She arose, leaning down to brush imaginary something from her skirt; and as he got to his feet she stretched out a friendly hand.

"Good-bye, Nick. The best of luck to you."

He took her hand, squeezed it hard, and lifting the stick and bundle, said with a gaiety that was a little forced: "Well, I'm off. I'll drop you a postcard from California, or Alaska, or Timbuctoo, or wherever I happen to land. Good-bye, old friend."

He found it unaccountably difficult to meet her eyes, so didn't meet them. But he got away. He got as far as the stone wall that divided Miss Sadie's land from Selma Smith's. Then he turned, though even as he did so something warned him that it was dangerous to look back. He turned squarely about, his hand raised in a last salute.

Gay was standing just where he had left her, but it seemed to Nick that all the buoyancy of youth had dropped from her. She was leaning against the gnarled trunk of an old apple tree, with the jonquils at her feet and the pink, sweet blossoms all above. In her pink gown she should have looked the embodiment of spring; but in reality she dropped, like a flower plucked by some ruthless hand and left to die. Nick couldn't bear it. He tossed his stick and bundle, emblems of freedom, to the ground, and strode back; while Gay, pulling herself together, ran to meet him.

"Did you forget something?" "Yes," said Nick. "I forgot the best friend I ever had, Gay. Listen. You'll think I'm crazy, but—why don't you come along?"

"With you?"

"Her eyes widened at the amazing proposition."

"Why not? It would be bully. I

Fortunately for Gay there was a rustic bench behind her. She sank down breathlessly, while Nick, with a cautious glance at the hedge that hid them from Selma Smith, took the place beside her.

"We could have the time of our lives," he urged. "I've always done things alone, but with you along—"

Gay found her tongue.

"I believe you are crazy," she said sternly. "What would people think? They'd say—"

"Oh, Lord!" Nick interrupted, with a characteristic grin. "I mean, of course, that we'd get married first."

"Get married!"

He laughed at her amazement.

"Why not? It's been done before. We're both of age, you know. Why shouldn't we?"

"But—you don't love me."

"Nonsense! I love you a lot. Always have. Of course, if I'd bore you—"

(To Be Continued)

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment makes the finest blither known. Invaluable for stock. Leaves the hair roots in natural and healthy condition. Hair comes back. No scaly remains.

Testing Rain-Making Device

Tests of a new device for making imitation rains are being made in Central Africa, in Egypt, and in the West Indies. The machine is a huge sprinkler, and distributes water in such a way that it falls from a projection height of 200 feet in the form of a fine mist.

Wealthy residents of the ill-fated city of Pompeii had houses consisting of as many as forty rooms.

There's no place like a farm for a youngster to spend his holidays.

Quick, Sure Relief
for BILIOUSNESS
SLUGGISHNESS
CONSTIPATION
Take one tonight
Make tomorrow
BRIGHT
Cascarets
"THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP"

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
never varies

Its uniform leavening qualities give the same satisfactory results with every baking.

3 out of every 4 Canadian housewives,* who bake at home, say they use it because it does give consistent, better baking results.

If you bake at home, the New Magic Cook Book will furnish you with dozens of attractive baking suggestions.

Try this Recipe for Muffins

1 tablespoon butter	3 teaspoons Magic Baking Powder
2 tablespoons sugar	1 cup flour
2 eggs	1 cup sweet milk
2½ cups flour	

Cream butter and sugar. Add eggs one by one, beat well. Sift dry ingredients together and add to first mixture alternately with milk. If batter not stiff enough, add a little more flour. Put in well-greased muffin pans and bake for 20 minutes at quick oven.

*This fact was revealed in a recent Dominion-wide investigation.

Ancient Warship Discovered

Well Armed With Heavy Iron Guns Found in Stockholm Canal

The hull of a 500-year-old Swedish warship, armed with heavy iron guns, recently discovered on the bottom of the Riddarholmen Canal, in the heart of Stockholm, has been pumped dry and is being raised to the surface. Archaeologists who have examined the relic believe it to be the oldest war vessel from the medieval period hitherto discovered. It is built of oak, low and slender in type, and seems to be a direct descendant of the Viking ships, which were among the swiftest and most seaworthy boats ever constructed. Close by the ancient guns have been found round cannon balls of stone, lead and iron, and some iron powder chambers for the breech-loading guns of that period. Several cone-shaped pieces of hollow wood also have been brought to light, partly loaded with small pieces of flint and stone, which may have been primitive case-shot projectiles for close range firing. Below the deck, which is partly broken down, other interesting objects belonging to the equipment of the ship have been found. The work of recovering the vessel is very difficult, but the hull itself is so well preserved that it may be possible to reconstruct the ship with its armament and rigging fairly complete.

Is Fond Of Music

Ramsay MacDonald Listens In On Radio Broadcast Programs

Ramsay MacDonald, Prime Minister of Britain, is a great lover of music.

Speaking at the jubilee of the Guildhall School of Music in London, England, Mr. MacDonald said he had enjoyed many Sunday afternoons listening to the broadcasts of Bach's church cantatas from the school.

"I confess that whether I am at home in my quiet peaceful hours in Hampstead or down at Chequers," the Prime Minister's official residence, he continued, "I make it a rule to issue an order—and I am not given to that very much—that there shall be no engagement, no interference, no business, but that my friends and I shall retire to a quiet corner and spend a very inspiring, comfortable, and peaceful half-hour listening to the broadcasts."

Ferrian Balm—the ideal toilet requisite for every discerning woman. Perfect in results. Creates complexions of rare beauty and charm. Delightfully cool and refreshing. Never leaves a vestige of stickiness. A velvety smooth lotion toning and stimulating the skin. Making it truly rose-leaved in texture. All dainty women invariably choose Ferrian Balm. It imparts that subtle distinction so characteristic of the elegant woman.

New Folder Of Canada

"Canada" is the title of a new folder that has been issued by the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, which contains a concise summary of the country's natural resources, their potentialities and development. The folder also presents a very interesting map indicating natural resources and industrial areas in southern Canada, in addition to illustrations depicting commercial activity in the various provinces. A copy can be obtained from the National Development Bureau, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, Canada.

Nearly 1,400 automobiles a month are being imported into Sweden.

Russian export trade in chemicals is very active.

After Thirty-Three Years

Bodies Of Arctic Explorers In Excellent State Of Preservation

The bodies of Salomon August Andrée and his two companions, according to the dispatches, were in an excellent state of preservation when they were found on White Island in the Arctic Sea, although it has been thirty-three years since they disappeared. This curious refinement of cruelty in the frigid parts of the earth, to preserve for years the appearance of life even in death, has made its impression on the human imagination long before now.

We recall a story some years ago about a couple who went to the Alps to their honeymoon. The man fell into a crevasse and the guides were unable to recover his body. The girl, frantic with grief, consulted scientists as to what she could do. They told her that the glacier moved a few inches a month; at the end of fifty years, perhaps, it would move far enough to make possible penetration of the crevasse. So for fifty years she waited. And at the end of that time the body was recovered, and she by now an old, decrepit woman, was permitted to look at the body of her husband. It was perfectly preserved, and she saw the handsome boy she had married fifty years before.

The Third Emigration

Russians Worried Over People Who Will Not Come Back

The Russian Government is considerably worried over what has been designated as the "third emigration." The first emigration was that of the Socialists and anarchists in czarist days. The second was that of the one or two million Russians who fled to all parts of the world from the Bolshevik terror. The third is that of the "nonreturners," soviet citizens appointed to diplomatic or other posts abroad who refuse to go back home when so ordered. The penalty for such refusal is death and confiscation of goods.

The third emigration is a striking indication of the conditions of tyranny prevailing in Soviet Russia. When government officials, presumably selected for their special zeal in the cause, desert the ship of state in considerable numbers there is reason to believe that the soviet system ought to be confined to Russia.

No Room For Argument

At an exhibition of paintings, recalls Sir John Ross, former Lord High Chancellor of Ireland (in his reminiscences, "Pillgrims' Scrip"), this conversation was overheard between two women who were looking at a picture, "The Dance of Salome": "Now, what's that, Maria?" asked one.

Maria (glancing at catalogue): "Solomon dancing for Herod."

"But he never danced it, Maria!"

Maria (tartly): "He musta done, else he couldn't have been photographed."

Has Warm Job

H. B. Stevens, chef of the Royal Scot express, has spent 20 years of his life in a space of eight yards long by two and one-half yards wide, with a temperature that is mostly around 150 degrees. His train kitchen is an ingenious affair. The whole of one side is taken up by stores and tanks, and the other by collapsible tables on which food is prepared. Stevens and an assistant prepare meals for 200 in this tiny kitchen.

Minard's Liniment for Chest Congestion.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

never varies

Its uniform leavening qualities give the same satisfactory results with every baking.

3 out of every 4 Canadian housewives,* who bake at home, say they use it because it does give consistent, better baking results.

If you bake at home, the New Magic Cook Book will furnish you with dozens of attractive baking suggestions.

Try this Recipe for Muffins

1 tablespoon butter	3 teaspoons Magic Baking Powder
2 tablespoons sugar	1 cup flour
2 eggs	1 cup sweet milk
2½ cups flour	

Cream butter and sugar. Add eggs one by one, beat well. Sift dry ingredients together and add to first mixture alternately with milk. If batter not stiff enough, add a little more flour. Put in well-greased muffin pans and bake for 20 minutes at quick oven.

*This fact was revealed in a recent Dominion-wide investigation.

STANDARD BRANDS LIMITED
GILLETTE PRODUCTS

Little Helps For This Week

"Blessed are they that keep my ways."—Proverbs vii. 32.

And oh! in my exceeding weakness, Make Thy strength perfect; Thou art strong; Aid me to do Thy will with meekness, Thou, to whom all my powers belong.

If thou wilt but go on with thy duties, desiring to love—in such cases the desire of loving is love in His sight,—the irksome dullness and dryness is the thorn in thy flesh, the messenger of Satan to buffet thee. But fear not; God's grace is sufficient for thee; His strength will be made perfect in thy weakness. Only set yourself in earnest to obey His voice. Say to Him, night and day, "Behold the servant of the Lord! be it unto me according to Thy Word."

—John Keble.

The Poor Man's Friend.—Put up in small bottles that are easily portable and which cost very little. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil possesses power in electricity form. Its cheapness is the reason why it is so popular. It can be put make the poor man's friend. No dealer's stock is complete without it.

Feed Skim Milk

Feeding tests at the Cap Rouge, Experimental Station of the Dominion Department of Agriculture show that it pays to feed laying hens skim-milk. Five years tests show that with a basal ration of grain meal, shell and vegetable feeds, hens fed skim-milk laid more eggs and gained more in weight than hens fed beef scrap. Incidentally the cost of skim-milk is just one-ninth that of beef scrap.

Athletes recommend Minard's Liniment.

He—"If your father catches me sleeping tonight I wonder what he'll say to your mother?"

She—"He'll probably say 'Sh-h-h'!"

There are almost 600 different kinds of parrots.



Daughter Is Stronger Now

"My daughter Catherine is fifteen years old. She was very irregular, often sick at her stomach and had to stay in bed two or three days at a time. One of your booklets was sent to us by mail so I got her a bottle of Vegetable Compound. Catherine has been taking it regularly and she is gaining in weight and every way. I told the neighbors and four other girls are taking it with good results."—Mrs. Clarence Jenkins, Box 14, Thornloe, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

DENTIST

Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218a, 8th Ave. W., opposite Palace
Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN

of the firm of Millican & Millican, Bar-
risters, Solicitors and Notaries, 600 Lan-
caster Building, Calgary, will beat Tred-
away & Springsteen's office, Crossfield on
Saturday of each week for the general
practice of the law.

MONEY TO LEND

PHONE 3

Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will
meet in the Office of the Secretary Tues-
day on the first Monday of each month
commencing with February at the hour
8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.
A. D. CURRIE, Sec.-Treas.

W. K. GIBSON

INSURANCE

ALL KINDS

Loans Phone 68 Real Estate
Crossfield, Alberta

DENTIST

J. Milton Warren

Crossfield, Alberta
Also at Carstairs every Monday

Walter Major

Contractor and Builder

Estimates Given Plans Prepared
Alterations a Specialty.
Box 84 Crossfield

All Kinds of

TINSMITHING WORK

Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently
Done.

Repair Work will receive
immediate attention.

Is Your Furnace Ready for Winter?

J. L. McRory

Crossfield Alberta

Classified Advertisements

For 25 words or under, 50c for one
insertion, 4 insertions \$1.00. Cash with
order.

TRADE—14 inch roller for horses
or cattle. Phone R 1404.

STRAYED

From the farm of Joe Gable, near the
Robertson Ranch, one large white sow
with litter of pigs. Reward.

FOR SALE

Registered Shorthorn Bull 18
months, with papers. Dams sire
Prince of Wales. Apply

C. P. WARD, Carstairs

FOR SALE

15-30 4-cylinder International
Tractor. A bargain at \$250.00.
N. A. Johnson, Crossfield

Sid Jones

HARNESS MAKER

Shoes and Harness Repaired
FOR CASH

Trca Building Crossfield

Marcel Haircut

Having had three years experi-
ence, I guarantee my work to be
first class.

Ladies' Spring Suits and Coats Dry
Cleaned and Pressed. Prices right.

Mrs. G. Gazeley

Saturday Night**DANCE**

In The Carstairs Hall

Every Saturday

Dancing 9 to 12 p. m.

Good Music—Good Floor and a
Good Time Assured for
Everyone.

All For 25c

EVERYBODY WELCOME

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907
Published at Crossfield, Alberta
W. H. Miller, Manager and Editor
Subscription \$1.50 Per Year
U.S.A. Posts \$2.00

Local advertising

Monthly Contract 25c. per inch.

All advertisement changes of copy
must be in hands of printers by noon on
Tuesday or no change made or advertise-
ments cancelled.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2nd.

Local and General

Remember the Tennis Dance
on Friday, October 24th

Mrs. J. Reeves and children
are visiting in Carbon this week

Have you paid your subscrip-
tion to the Chronicle?

Miss Gladys Methers was a
visitor in Calgary on Saturday.

Mrs. P. C. Wining was a vis-
itor in Calgary on Saturday.

Miss Kathleen Mair left on
Monday to attend Commercial
High School at Calgary.

The Ladies Aid of the United
Church met at the home of Mrs.
W. McRory on Tuesday after-
noon.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Green left
town on Wednesday for Calgary,
where they will make their future
home.

The regular meeting of the Vil-
lage Council will be held in the
Secretary's office on Monday,
October 24th at 8 o'clock.

The Chronicle has entered its
24th year. How does that tally
with the subscriptions you have
paid?

Laur Sam, popular local restau-
rant man returned on Sunday
morning from Canton, China,
where he had been holidaying
for the past twenty-two months.

Mrs. W. H. Miller entertained
the 500 Club on Wednesday even-
ing. First prize was won by Mrs.
J. R. Gilechrist; consolation by
Mrs. Pogge.

Glen Williams, Happy McMi-
lin and Walter Spivey took in
the picture "All Quiet on the
Western Front" at Calgary on
Friday night. The picture is not
so hot.

Walter Gibson extends an in-
vitation to the public in general
to call in and hear the World's
Baseball Series on his famous
Spartan radio. Games in St.
Louis on Saturday and Sunday
will start to come in at 11:30 a.m.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Pocock of
Aberdeen, Sask., spent Sunday
with Mr. and Mrs. Guy Wickes-
son and family. Mr. Pocock was
called to Calgary, owing to the
sudden death of his brother Fred
Pocock.

A most enjoyable dance was
held in the East Community
Hall on Friday night. The crowd
was small owing to the limited
amount of advertising done, but
those who happened to hear of it
attended, had a most pleasant
time.

The October meeting of Floral
U.F.W.A. will be held at the
home of Mrs. Clarence Richard-
son on Wed. October 8th at 2:30.
This is an important meeting and
it is requested that all members
be present. Roll Call—"Where I
would choose to spend a vacation"

The Tourist Hotel, adjoining the
local stock yards has been doing a
thriving business all summer and
lately it is not an unusual sight to see
twenty or thirty sitting around the
camp fire cooking a mulligan.

Philadelphia Athletics

Look Like Champions

The Philadelphia Athletics won
the first game of the World's Base-
ball Series when they defeated the
St. Louis Cardinals on Wednes-
day, by a score of 5 runs to 2. The
Athletics also won today's game
by a score of 6 runs to 1. No game
on Friday as the teams move to
St. Louis to play on Saturday and
Sunday.

Coming Events

Items under this heading will be charged
at the rate of 10c a line for the first
insertion and 5c a line for each sub-
sequent insertion. Church affairs at
half price; minimum 25c.

Justice Rebekah Lodge are
holding a tea and sale of home
cooking on Saturday, November
1st. Watch for further particu-
lars.

The C.W.L. will hold a tea and
sale of home cooking, next door
to Service Garage, on Saturday,
October 11th, at three o'clock.
Your patronage will be greatly ap-
preciated.

The C.W.L. have engaged the
U. F. A. Hall for Thanksgiving,
November 10th. They intend
having a chicken supper. Watch
for further notice.

The Crossfield Tennis Club will
hold a dance in the U. F. A. Hall
on Friday, October 24th. During
the past year the tennis dances
have been very popular. Keep
the date in mind.

MATERIAL ARRIVES FOR BRANCH LINE

About twenty-five miles of
grading has been completed on
C. P.R. branch line west of Cross-
field, and steel will be placed as
soon as the material can be laid
on the ground and crews assem-
bled for carrying out the work.
About twenty-five carloads of
material have arrived and have
been unloaded at the wye south
of town.

Union Church Anniversary Services Oct. 12 and 19

The United Church Board have
secured the services of the Rev.
J. N. Brunton and the Rev. B. W.
Dalgeish to preach their 25th
Anniversary Services. The Rev.
Brunton who will be here on the
12th. He is one of the pioneer min-
isters, having charge of a territory
from Calgary to a point just south
of Crossfield from 1895 to 1899.

The R. W. Dalgeish having
charge of a mission north of Car-
stairs which extended to a point
south of Crossfield. The Rev.
Dalgeish is another pioneer min-
ister of 28 years ago and will
preach in the United Church on
the 19th of October.

Ducks are Scarce

The shooting season, so far, has
not resulted in the hunters being
able to bag many birds. Owing
to there not having been much rain
the sloughs are mostly dry, and
the ducks have been hard to find.
However, the season for Hungar-
ian partridges opened on Wed-
nesday and they are reported
plentiful. Among the local min-
dros who went out the first day
were Frank Ruddy and Roland
Emery, Adam Cruickshank, Don-
nie McFadyen, and all secured
good bags.

CROSSFIELD MARKET**WHEAT**

No. 1 Northern	53
No. 2	51
No. 3	48
No. 4	44
No. 5	41
No. 6	31
Feed	20

OATS

No. 2 C. W.	19
No. 3 C. W.	19
Extra No. 1 Feed	17
No. 1 Feed	15
No. 2 Feed	12

RYE

No. 2 C. W.	19
No. 3 C. W.	19

BARLEY

No. 3 C. W.	14
No. 4 C. W.	10

Vogue BEAUTY Parlor
MARCELLING
Finger Waving Shampooing
Facials Hair Cutting
Manicuring Massaging, etc.
MRS. MARGARET CLAY
Chronicle Building

Greenwood School Pupils**Do Well at School Fair**

Following is a list of the prizes
won by the pupils of the Green-
wood School at the School Fair at
Carstairs on Thursday, Sept. 25th.

Vegetable. Carrots—Tom Cum-
ing. 4. Turnips—Richard May, 2.
Mangels—Dick May, 1; Eileen 2.
Peas—Tom Cumming, 1st; Potat-
oes—Alvine Nerland, 3rd.

Flowers. Sweet Peas—Tom
Cumming. 4. Stocks—Tom Cum-
ing. 4th.

Grain. Sheaf of Wheat—Clar-
ence Riddell, 5th. Sheaf of Oats—
Grace Riddell, 1st; Alma Quigley,
6th. Sheaf of Barley—Eileen Rid-
dell, 1st; Clarence Riddell, 2nd.

Threshed Wheat—Tom Cum-
ing, 1st; Cathie Cameron, 2nd; Betty
Short, 5th. Threshed Oats—Grace
Riddell, 1st; Cathie Cameron, 3rd;

Betty Short, 7th. Threshed Bar-
ley—Peggy Cameron, 1st; Grace
Riddell, 3rd. Threshed Rye—Al-
ma Quigley, 1st. Corn—Eileen
May, 9th.

Livestock. Calf—Grace Riddell,
1st; Alma Quigley, 5th. Pigs—
Grace Riddell, 2nd; Alma Quigley,
8th. Lamb—Grace Riddell, 4th;
Alma Quigley, 6th.

Manual Training: Bird House:
Clarence Riddell, 1st; Dick May,
4th. Handy Device—Tom Cum-
ing, 6th. Collection of Knives—Grace
Riddell, 4th; Clarence Riddell, 6th;
Alvine Nerland, 9th. Rope Halter:
Tom Cumming, 2nd.

Household Economics: Raisin
Cake—Betty Short, 2nd. Peanut
Butter—Alma Quigley, 9th. School
lunch—Clarence Riddell, 4th. Bak-
ing Powder Biscuits—Cathie Cam-
eron, 6th. Drop Cookies—Eileen
Riddell, 7th. School Lunch—Eil-
een Riddell, 4th. White Bread—
Grace Riddell, 3rd. Graham Bread:
Grace Riddell, 1st. Collection of
Canning—Grace Riddell, 1st; Eil-
een Riddell, 7th.

Sewing: Hemmed Towel—Betty Short
1st; Ethel Nerland, 8th. Dolls Outfit—
Eileen Riddell, 7th. Slip-over Apron:
Alvine Nerland, 4th. Hemmed Patch:
Grace Riddell, 6th. Alvine Nerland,
7th; Edith Nerland, 9th. Sampler:
Eileen Riddell, 3rd. Hemstitched towel,
Cathie Cameron, 3rd; Eileen Riddell,
4th; Edith Nerland, 7th. Hemmed
Patch: Grace Riddell, 5th. Sampler:
Grace Riddell, 2nd. Thrift Problem
of four sacks: Eileen Riddell, 5th; Grace
Riddell, 8th. Thrift Problem of gunny
sack: Eileen Riddell, 2nd; Alvine Ner-
land, 4th; Grace Riddell, 5th. The It
Problem of old wearing apparel: Grace
Riddell, 7th; Eileen Nerland, 8th.

Elementary Science: Collection of
Insects—Clarence Riddell, 1st; Tom
Cumming, 4th; Dick May 6th. Collection
of Pressed Flowers: Eileen Riddell, 1st.

Industrial Art: Drawing of Fruit:
Eileen Riddell, 1st; Eileen May, 2nd.
Drawing of Leaves: Dick May, 9th.
Simple Landscape: Clarence Riddell,
1st; Lyveta Brown, 4th; Tom Cum-
ing, 6th. Construction of Box: Edith Ner-
land, 6th. Drawing of a Bird: Alvine
Nerland 3; Eileen Riddell, 8th. Con-
struction of a Lampshade: Eileen Rid-
dell, 3rd; Alvine Nerland, 4th. Land-
scape: Grace Riddell, 2nd. Spacing of
Walls of Room: Grace Riddell, 2nd.

Penmanship: Grade II—Betty Short
6th. Grade III—Dick May, 3rd; Ly-
veta Brown, 4th; Tom Cumming, 5th.
Grade IV—Edith Nerland, 7th. Grade
V—Alvine Nerland, 1st; Eileen Riddell
4th. Grade XI—Peggy Cameron, 4th.

Composition: Grade VI—Eileen Rid-
dell, 1st; Alvine Nerland, 2nd. Grade
VII—Grace Riddell, 1st. Grade IX—
Peggy Cameron, 1st.

Map Drawing: Grade IV—Edith
Nerland, 2nd; Alma Quigley, 5th.
Grade VI—Alvine Nerland, 6th; Eileen
Riddell, 9th. Grade VII—Grace Rid-
dell, 2nd. Grade XI—Peggy Cameron
1st.

Note: The grades above mentioned
are in which the pupils were when the
School Fair work was done.

Poultry: Pen of Chickens, American
breed—Betty Short, 2nd; Grace Riddell
4th; Eileen May, 9th. Pen of Chickens,
Mediterranean breed—Tom Cum-
ing, 1st; Betty Short, 3rd. Cockerel, Ameri-
can breed—Richard May 2nd. Cockerel,
Mediterranean breed—Tom Cumming, 6th.
Pullet, Mediterranean breed—Tom Cum-
ing, 9th. Pullet, American breed—Alma
Quigley, 8th. Gander or Goose—Eileen
Riddell, 1st; Grace Riddell, 2nd.

The "First Aid Demonstration"
and lecture on nursing, held in
East Community Hall, on Sept.
18th, under auspices of Floral
U. F. W. A. was very interesting,
all those present expressing their
appreciation of Nurse Conroy's
visit.

Church of Ascension

Sunday, October 3th.

10.00 a.m.—Sunday School
11.00 a.m.—Matins
7.30 p.m.—Evensong

The Rev. and Mrs. A. D. Currie
and Mrs. Cartwright will be at
home on Wednesday, October 8th,
from 3 to 6 p.m. to all who care
to come.

It is hoped to hold the Harvest
Festival on Sunday, October 19th.

A. D. CURRIE,
Priest-in-charge

Sunday last at the United Church
was Rally Day. Special services
were held at the various points
conducted by the Rev. Young. In
the evening service at the Cross-
field Church was well attended.
Rev. Young was assisted by Mr.
Waldock; the Sunday school sup-
erintendent. The platform was
filled with scholars and teachers of
the Sunday school who took part
in the singing.

Change in Train Time at Crossfield

Winter schedule goes into effect

on September 28th.

Northbound
No. 521, daily 2.04 a.m.
No. 523, daily (Ex. Sun.) 9.33 a.m.
No. 525, daily 3.40 a.m.

Southbound
No. 522, daily 5.42 a.m.
No. 524, daily 12.42 p.m.
No. 526, daily (Ex. Sun.) 6.35 p.m.

Rosebud Pancake Flour

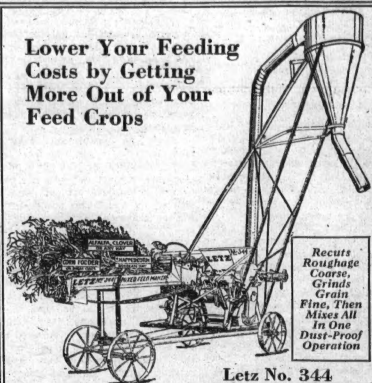
Easy to Make. Delicious to Eat.
No indigestion when eaten.
GET IT AT YOUR GROCERS

Rosebud Flour Mills Co. Ltd.
Didsbury

J. B. HAGSTROM

Boot and Shoe Repairer
Call and get a Real Shoes Shine
Scissors Ground and Saws
Sharpened.

Give me a Trial.
North of Service Garage.

Lower Your Feeding Costs by Getting More Out of Your Feed Crops

Recuts Roughage, Coarses, Grinds Grain, Fine, Then Mixes All in One Dust-Proof Operation

Letz No. 344
Mixed Feed Maker
with Exhaustor Fan, Steel Tower
and Dust Collector on Truck

Fully 50,000 farmer owners have pos-
itively proved that you can lower the cost
of producing milk, beef, pork or mutton
with the Letz System of Home Crop Feed-
ing. They have actually proved that Letz
Mixed Feed Makers will:

1. Save 25% to 50% of present feed crops by utilizing waste.
2. Release up to 30% of your present feed crop average for cash crops.
3. Increase milk and meat production up to 30% through better feed preparation.
4. Save up to 25% of labor in handling feed crops.
5. Improve health and condition of all farm animals.

Stop in and let us show you how the Letz
Mill will solve your feeding problem for you.



Gibson Bros. & Wallace
Crossfield

At this Store You Get QUALITY AND SERVICE

Absolute Confidence

When you deliver your grain to the U. G. G.
Elevator you have absolute confidence in the
service and treatment you will receive, and
in the ability of the company to give the fullest
possible protection to your interests.

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

Elevators at Crossfield and Cochrane

Personal Greeting Cards

Exclusive But Not Expensive

Our 1930 Samples are Here

It Will Cost You Nothing to See Them.

The Chronicle Office